

Research Proposals



These are so fun!

20.109 Communication Workshop 5

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Helping you communicate effectively. **be.mit.edu/communicationlab**

We have seen a variety of communication assignments in 109...

Figures

Titles and Abstracts

Manuscripts

Journal Clubs



We are here.

Proposals

All assignments use the same basic communication skills:

Figures

Titles and Abstracts

Manuscripts

Journal Clubs

Proposals

- Know your audience
- Tell a story
- Convey clear logic
- Use clear, precise language and presentation

Concretely, these skills translate to:

- Clear visual data in figures and slides, with strong signal to noise ratio
- Titles as strong messages on slides
- Tell a story with a clear take-home message, logic, and conclusions
- Use hourglass structure to draw the audience in

All these help make a good proposal too!

Let's say you have \$1 million



to give to someone's biological engineering project?

What would you want to know from the person you're giving it to?

A successful proposal must convince its readers that the proposed work is **significant** and **achievable**.

Proposals are future papers (with twists)

Both

have structured sections
tell stories
include methods, controls & statistics
argue for excitement and validity

<u>Papers</u>

framed as a **question**outcome sounds **un**certain
the **findings** are exciting

Proposals

framed as a **hypothesis** outcome sounds certain the **innovation** is exciting

The 109 proposal is a team presentation

12 minutes + Q & A

Speaking and slides

Audience: BE enthusiasts and experts (your peers & teaching staff)



Tell us why, what, and how

Why Identify the gap/need

What is the clear idea you propose? Impact?

How Key steps to accomplish goals ("aims")

We care about the **methods**: specify techniques, in vitro, in vivo, system

Show us **expected data**If things don't work, what will you do?
Have controls and work-arounds

Use slides & speech to convey these parts:

- a brief project overview
- sufficient background information identifying a clear problem
- a statement of the research problem and goals (aka specific aims)
- details and methods for goals
- predicted outcomes, alternate approaches, needed resources
- societal impact if all goes well

Background highlights the problem you propose to solve and the current state of the field (why, why now?)

Alzheimer's affects 5.4 million Americans

• Information about disease and progression

Transition statement linking to β-amyloid plagues (written on slide and/or stated verbally)

Symptoms of Alzheimer's may be alleviated by elimination of plaques

 Information about current field of research - Briefly, what has been done

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Though some progress has been made in reducing plaques, our aim is to convert them to usable product

β-amyloid plaques contribute to degeneration of nerve function



- General information about plaque origin and structure
- Block cell-cell communication
- Induce apoptosis
- Lead to generalized destruction of brain tissue

Novel amyloid-to-dark chocolate (ADC) enzyme recently discovered

- Identified in our laboratory using a yeast twohybrid screen
- Information about ADC enzyme

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Then provide a clear statement of your research problem and goals (what, how?)

Clear, concise research statement

Research aim: use ADC to convert β-amyloid plaques to dark chocolate

• Goal 1: Optimize the production of genetically engineered ADC using non-toxic *E. coli* strain

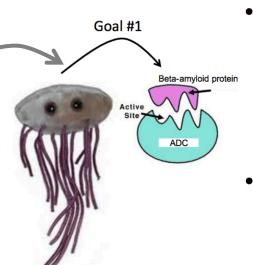
- 3-4 goals to prove your hypothesis
- Goal 2: Determine enzymatic efficiency of engineered ADC in vitro using harvested βamyloid plaques
- Goal 3: Measure efficacy of engineered ADC in vivo using a mouse model of Alzheimer's disease

Each goal should have a slide for what you'll do

Title of your goal

Schematic of goal/ method/ expected results

Optimize production of ADC in E. coli



- Engineer BL21(DE3) to express ADC
 - Clone ADC into pXYZ
 - Test protein expression
 - Additional steps...
- Potential setback
 - Possible solution

Key methods

Potential limitations and alternative approaches

Remember:

You want to highlight that you are solving an important (and real) problem with an innovative solution.

And this should be clear to your audience.

Include a slide that highlights the impact this work would have on society and science

Why is this work important? Why should someone give you money to do this work?

Remember all the tips for good slide design

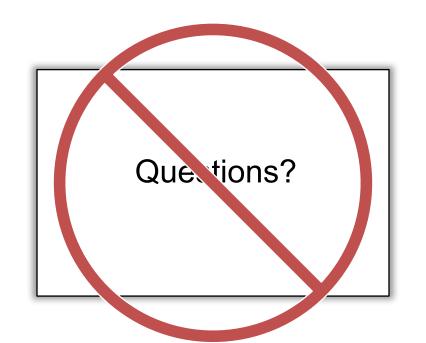
- One message per slide
- Titles as messages
- Use visuals/schematics when you can
- Only include relevant text
- Maximize signal to noise

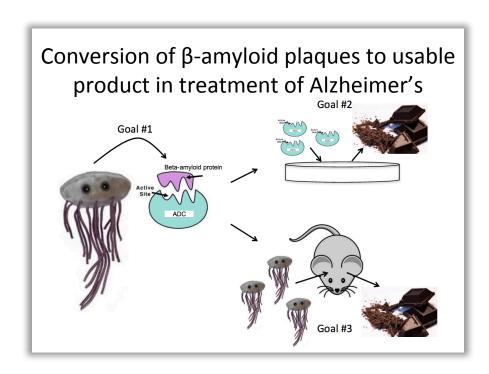
New! Adapt to presenting as a team

- Decide who will say what
- May announce organization/transitions
 "I'll introduce <u>our Question and Aims</u>, and Prerna will talk about the <u>Methods we'll use</u>..."
- Stay visually quiet when you're not speaking
- Don't read from slides, just use transitions and bits of text to guide
- Q&A: Share answers
- · Leave a helpful slide up, flip around as needed

PRACTICE PRACTICE

Make good use of your last slide





Proposals are challenging!

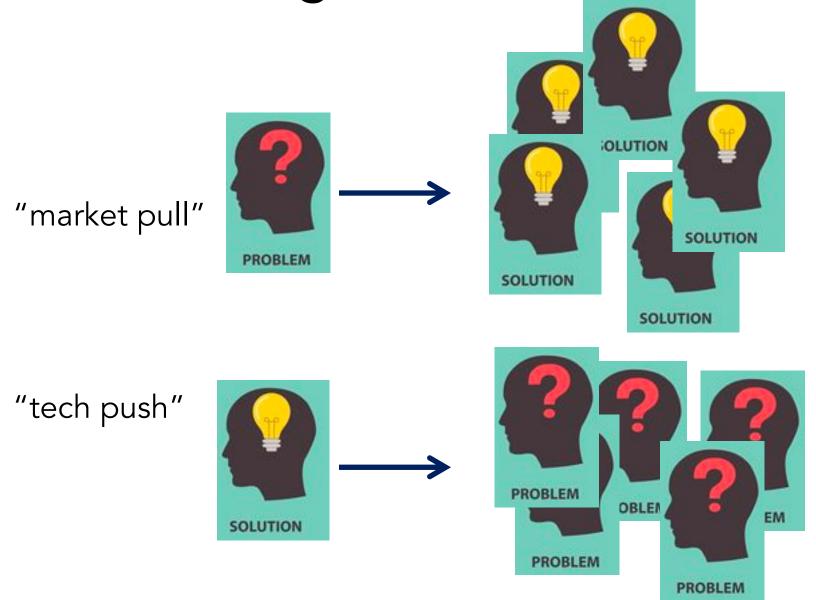
- 1. How do I come up with a topic that is feasible and significant?
- 2. What might my aims be?

Ideas come from many sources

- Recent papers (discussion sections!)
- Popular news articles
- Seminars or conferences
- Your own bug list
- Talking to people, especially experts
- Idea trees
- 5 Whys method



Two strategies for innovation



Spend time brainstorming on your own and as a team

Go for quantity--having a lot of ideas raises your probability of coming up with a good idea

Defer judgment

Build on the ideas of others

Encourage wild ideas, be bold and creative

Rules from design firm IDEO

Language matters in brainstorming

Supportive language

Unhelpful language

And...

What if...?

Also...

Get visual!

No...

But...

That won't work...

That doesn't make sense...

Great.

Activity: Let's try brainstorming for 10 min. in teams

- Take the most interesting research finding you identified and talk about why you think it is an important problem to solve or an intriguing technology
- Ideate potential ways to solve your identified problem or apply the technology

This is NOT binding, so be creative!

Some pitfalls to avoid are:

Incremental improvements

- A lab built a battery with zinc, so let's build a battery with nickel.

Idea/buzzword stacking

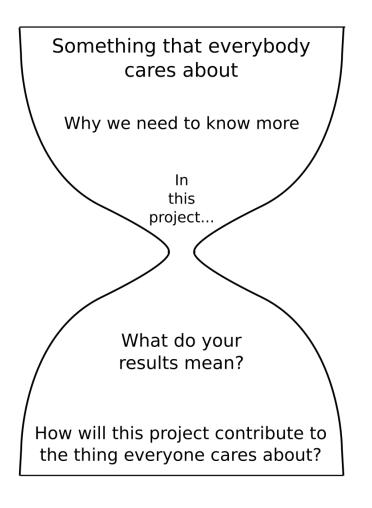
- Let's use CRISPRi & optogenetics on the gut microbiome

Scope that is too big/too small

- Let's build a rocket ship out of bacteria
- Let's build a genetic circuit in *E. coli* that only requires cloning one gene

Remember your hourglass!

Your proposal should match your identified problem



Knowledge gap, Unknown

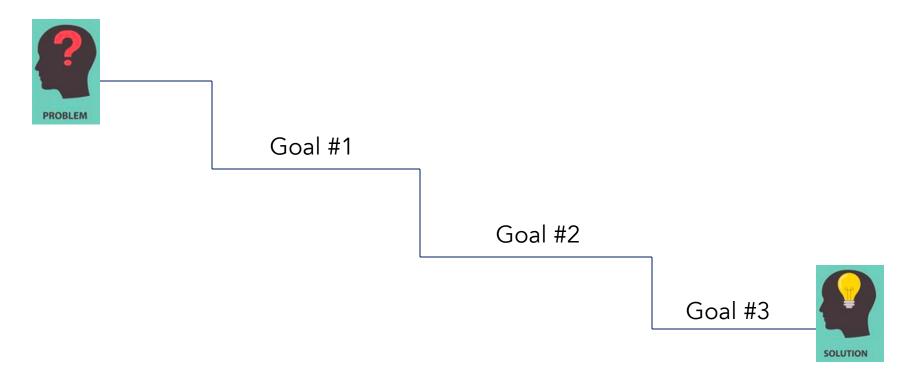
HERE WE PROPOSE...

Once you have a topic or idea, you'll need goals/aims to get there.

What are critical steps that need to be taken in order to answer your question?

best first steps logical order feasibility

Your goals should address critical steps to reach your solution



Your goals should address critical steps that allow you to reach your solution

#1 Produce ADC



Alzheimer's is a big problem; B-amyloid plaques contribute Proposal is to convert plaques with the novel enzyme ADC

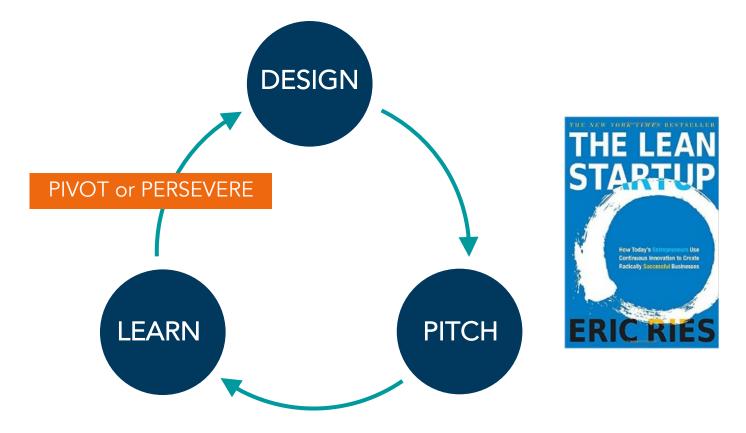
#2 Determine if ADC can get rid of plaque protein

#3 Determine if getting rid of plaques can affect model Alzheimer's



Get rid of plaques to cure Alzheimer's

Going through feedback loops improves your design



Stay open to feedback -- it is how you learn and grow!

Be nimble and pivot or build support for your hunches

See the wiki for an example slide deck

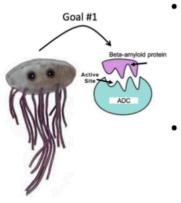
Engineered bacteria for the conversion of amyloid plaques to dark chocolate

Shannon K. Hughes and Noreen L. Lyell

Research aim: use ADC to convert β-amyloid plaques to dark chocolate

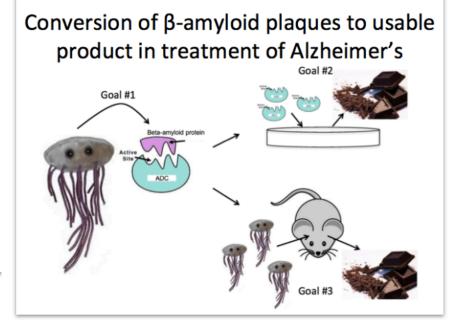
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- Goal 2: Determine enzymatic efficiency of engineered ADC in vitro using harvested βamyloid plaques

Optimize production of ADC in *E. coli*



- Engineer BL21(DE3) to express ADC
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al 3: Measure efficacy of engineered ADC



Here's additional help

- From Prof. Jen Heemstra's blog: Research ideas,
 part 1: It's not magic (also parts 2-4 on the side)
- NIH Small Grant Program (R03): appropriate scale
- NIAID: includes alternate approaches
- <u>BE Research Guide</u>: (email Howard Silver <u>hsilver</u> with suggestions!)
- Previous workshops on wiki, BECL



It's going to be fun!

Be sure your presentation includes:

- □ Sufficient background to orient the audience to the problem and current state of the field
- □ A strong problem statement/knowledge gap
- □ A clear proposal statement/hypothesis
- □ Clear aims/goals that follow a logic leading to the end goal
- ☐ Succinct methods highlighting what you will do
- □ Alternate approaches
- ☐ Strong impact statement

Your slides and presentation should:

- Convey a single message per slide
- □ Have titles that are messages
- ☐ Only contain relevant material (reduce signal/noise)
- ☐ Include schematics to help your audience
- ☐ Be organized, with a plan about who will speak when