M3DI: Growth of Phage Materials

4/15/15

- I. Discussion presentation
- 2. Purify M13 phage ~2 hours
- 3. Pre-lab during 60 min incubation
- 4. Measure concentration of M13 phage
- 5. Complex MI3 phage with AuNPs



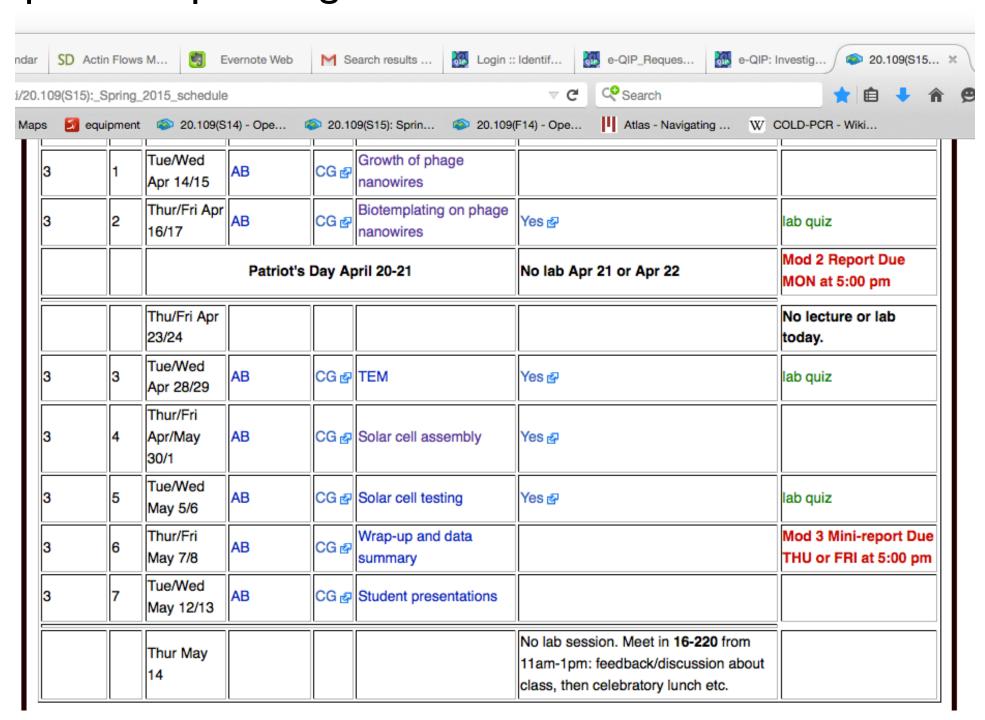
Comments on Mod2 flow cytometry figure draft:

(1) Relabel your figure axes so that they are easier to read – better to use "Green fluorescence (MFI)" where MFI = mean fluorescence intensity and is the actual data that is shown in each plot.

(2) Try to cite the figure parenthetically throughout your Results section versus wasting text on text such as "Figure 2 shows..." For example, "CHO-K1 transfected with the intact pMAX-BFP-MCS plasmid was utilized to determine positive GFP fluorescence (Figure 2A)."

(3) Strive to write in a professional manner. Be concise and use technical language. "To-Pro3 was used to eliminate non-viable cells through exclusion from the 'live cell' gate (Figure 1X)."

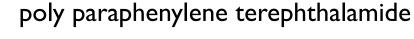
Important upcoming dates:



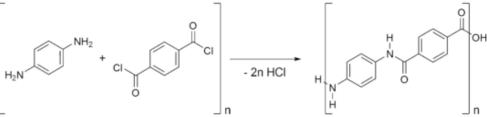
Main ideas behind Module 3:

- -Use biology to create functional nanomaterials
- -New properties can emerge at different scales
- -Our biological nanomaterial is the MI3 phage

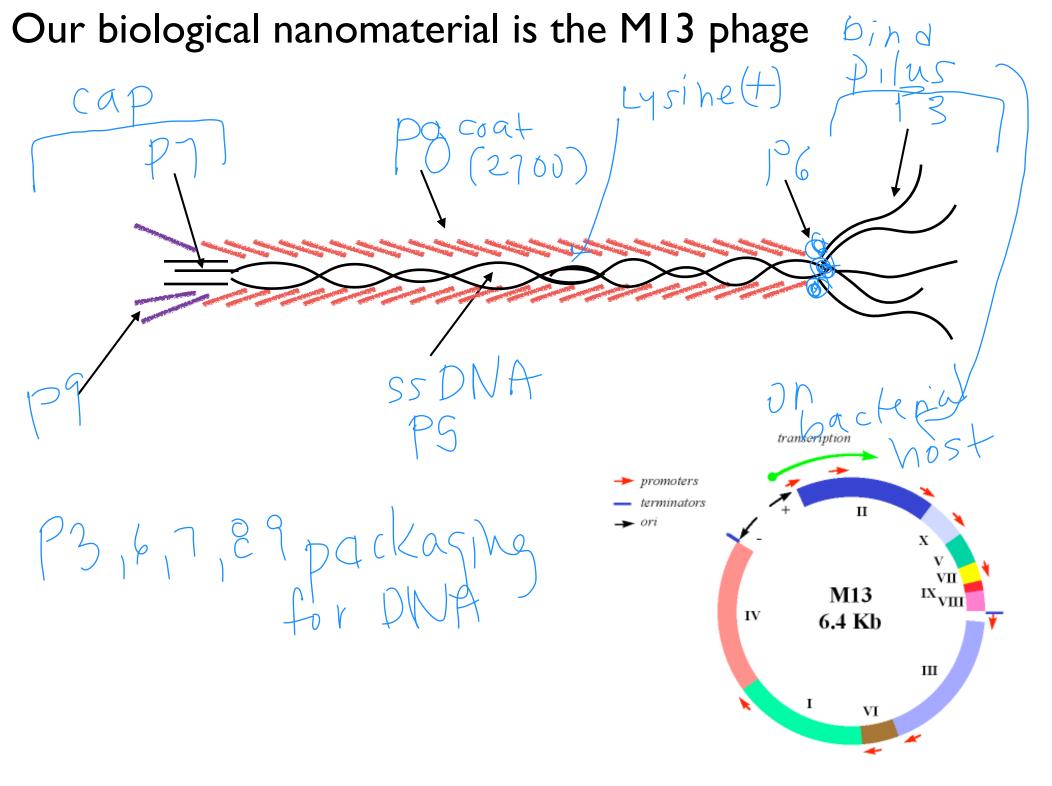
Giant's Causeway — Ireland





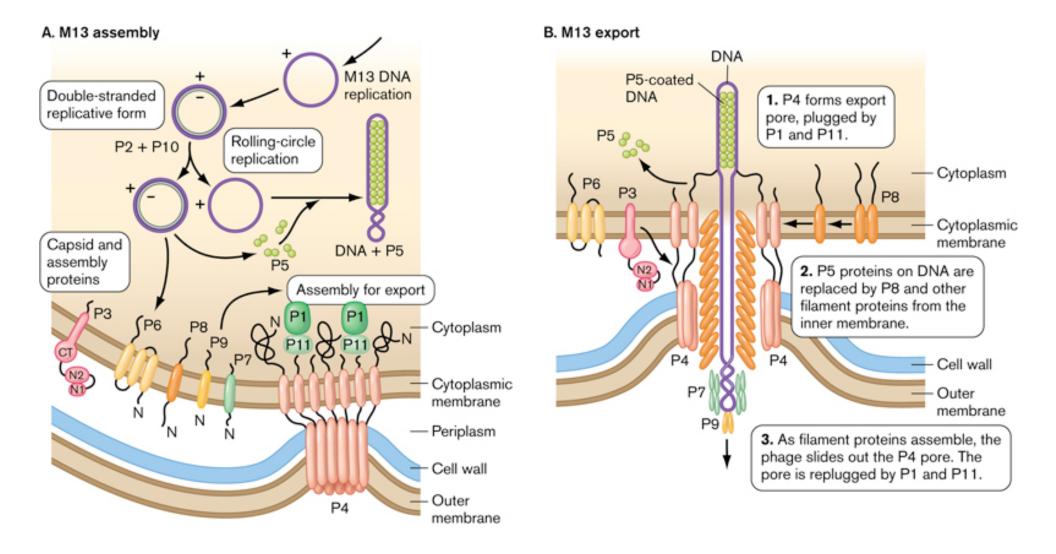




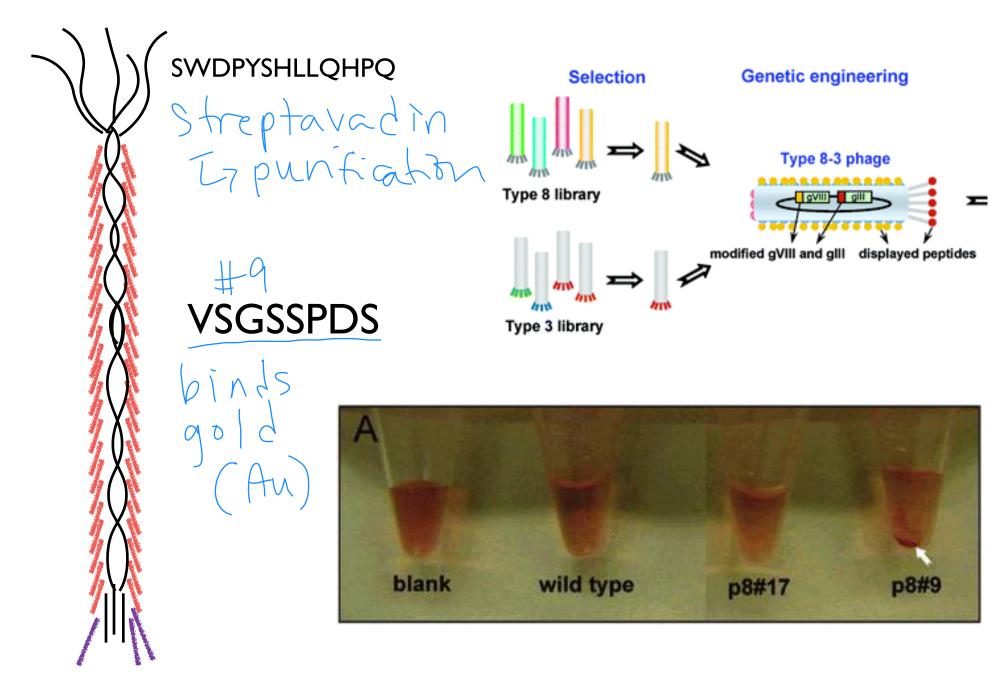


Bacteriophage are 'high copy' obligate organisms. E. coli K12 ER2738) < 5 pun out Phage M13 Pilus contracts; P3 binds P3 binds to F pilus. to TolA Outer membrane TolA TolA Periplasm-TolQ TolQ membrane Cytoplasm http://wwnorton.com/college/biology/microbiology2/ch/11/etopics.aspx 6

Bacteriophage are 'high copy' obligate organisms.

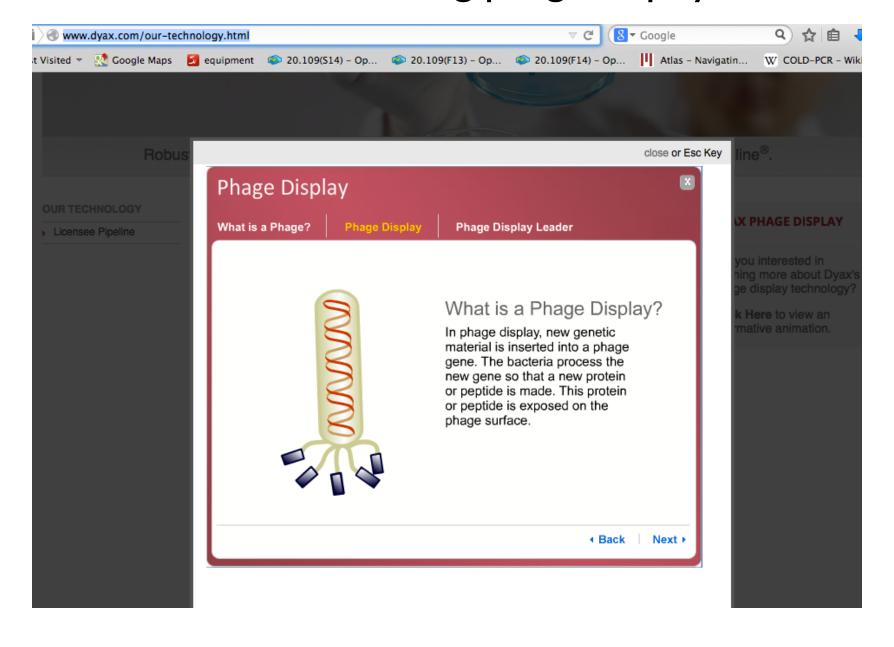


Phage are engineer-able biomaterials



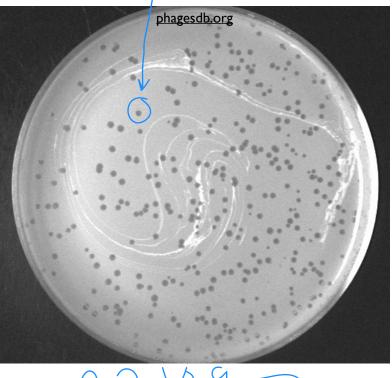
Programmable Assembly of Nanoarchitectures Using Genetically Engineering Viruses, Nano Letters, Yu et al. 2005

M13 phage were engineered to bind gold — best candidates were selected using phage display.



Phage titer: plaque assay or spec.

plaque = PFU = plaque forming unit=



By plating:

Phage slow E. coli growth upon infection

1 virhs

bacteriophage = bacterial Virus

By spectroscopy:

phage particles =

quartre \$5

Protein +
PONA

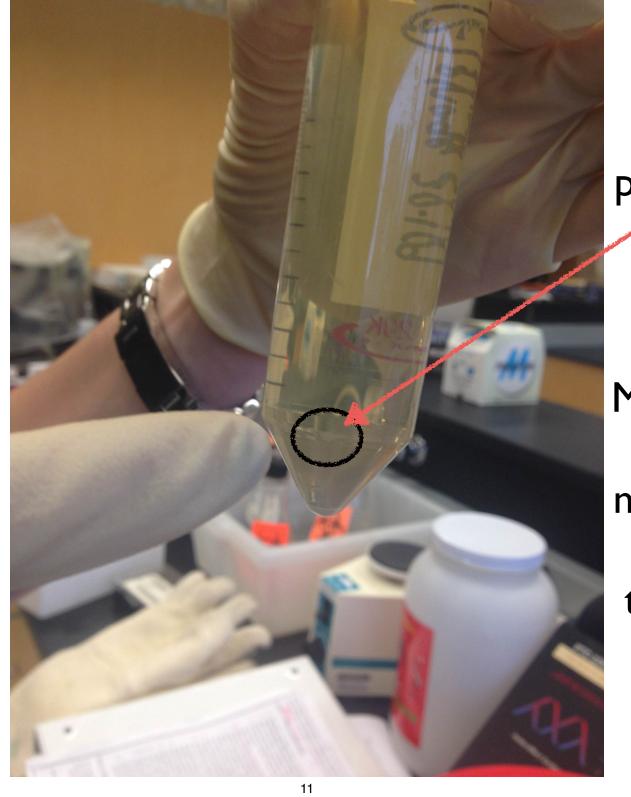
Ack ground

6(A269 - A320)

 $6x10^{16}(A269 - A320)$

#DNA bases in phage genome

7220 bases



That is a phage pellet.

Maybe make a circle to mark where you think this should be....

Today in the lab:

- Purify phage PAY ATTENTION the phage is in the supernatant!
- Measure concentration BE CAREFUL quartz cuvettes are fragile.
- Work on Mod2 Paper, write a blog post, or start to think about your Research Proposal during down time
- Office Hours: Syta Mod2

 Novely 9-11 AM Friday 16-429b

 Leshe 11-1pm Friday 16-429b

 Shannon+Noveen 10AM-12pm Sunday 56-302

 Next time in the lab:

 Leshie 2 H Sunday
 - Complex AuNP:phage with titania
 - Set up TEM grids
 - Later:TEM analysis and build/test DSSC

Major assignment in Module 3: Research Proposal

