

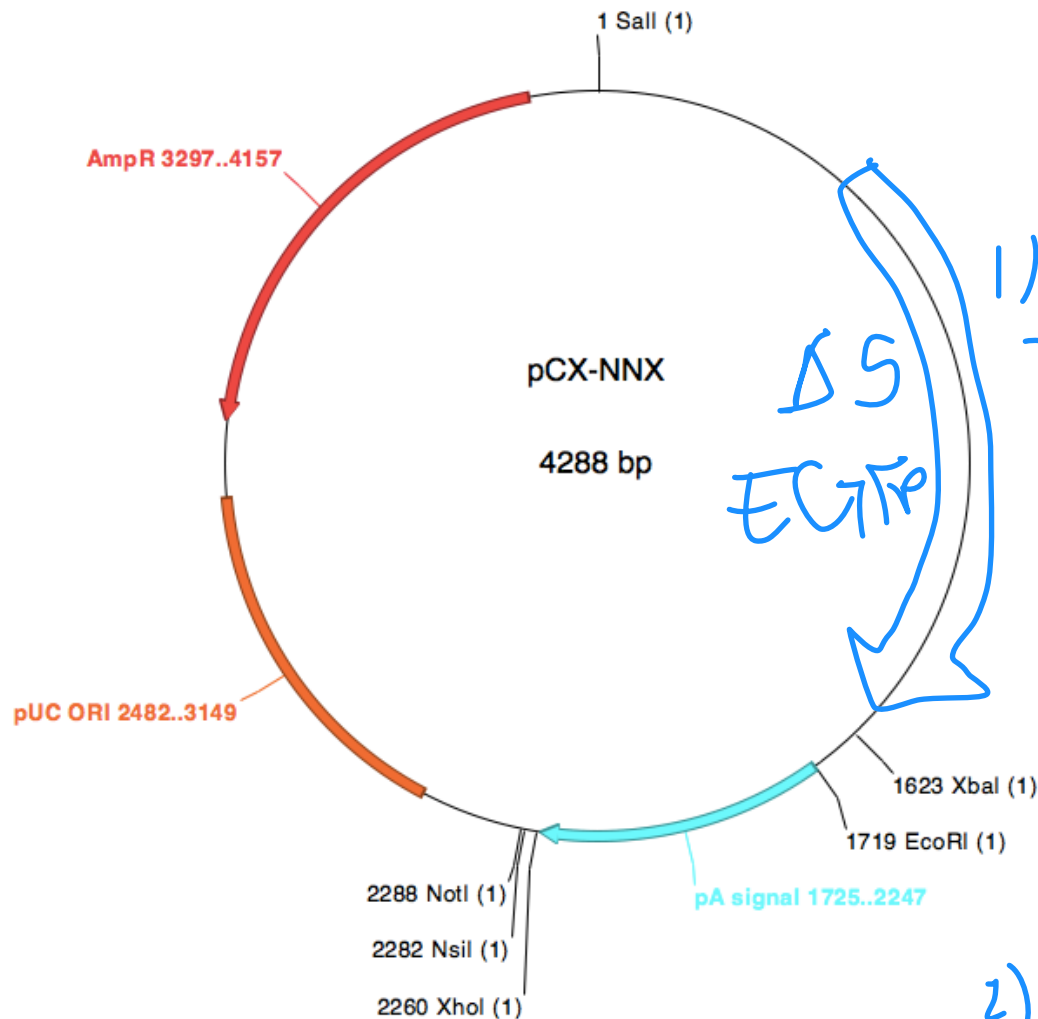
M1D4:Ligation and transformation

9/25/15

- ✓ 1. Visit from Vivian to discuss Abstracts
- ✓ 2. Lab Treat
3. Prelab Discussion
 - Follow-up on homework due M1D3
 - Homework due M1D5
4. FYI: M1D5 will be long!



Follow-up on homework due M1D3



What to include in the caption?

- 1) features of plasmid
- Amp^R
 - restriction sites of interest
 - $\Delta 5$ EGFP
 - name / size
- 2) relevance of plasmid

→ No methods

Background and Motivation:

HW M1D5

citations

choose one

Disease / Evolution

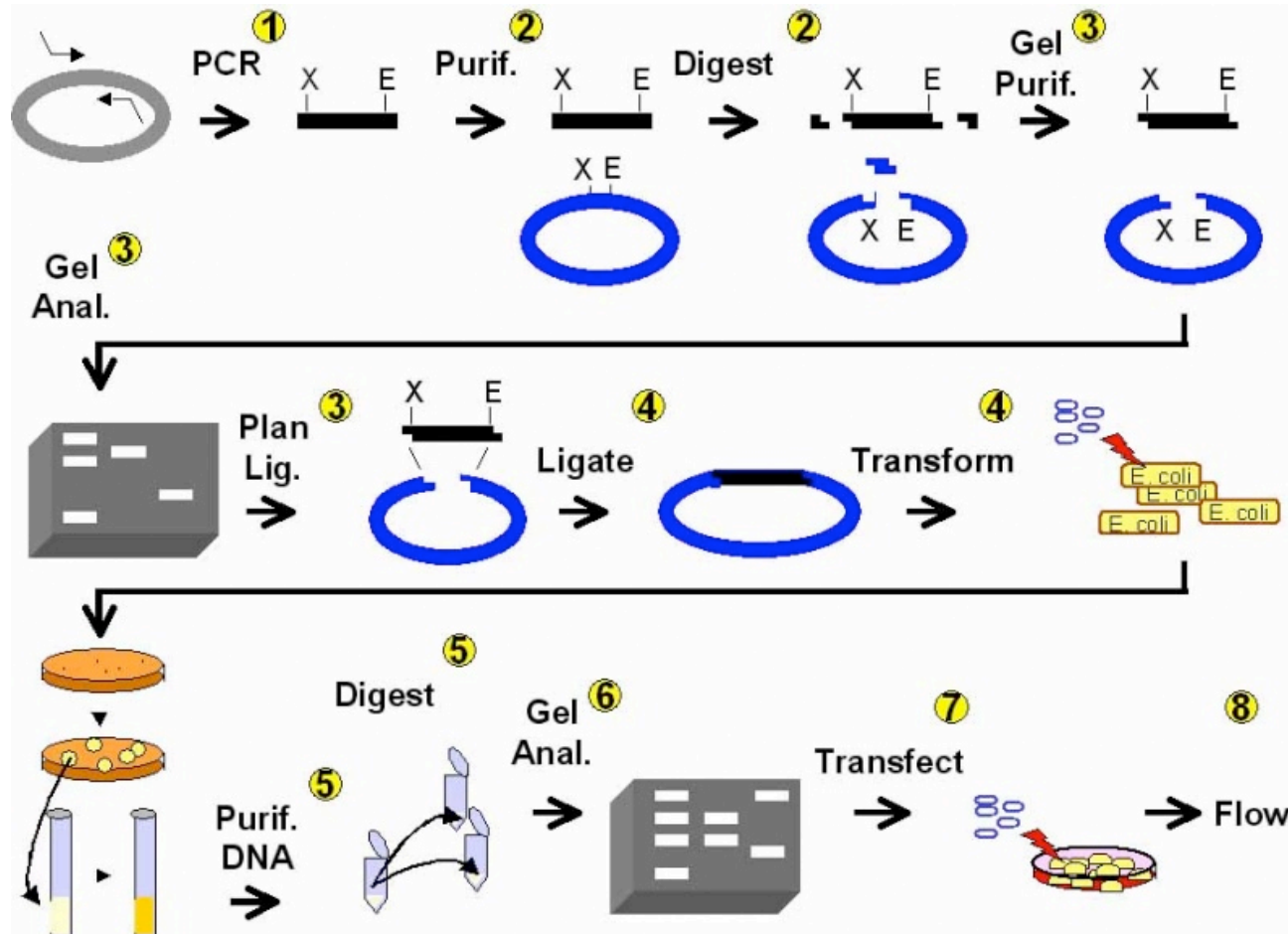
HR

How we approached
problem / assay

key results
of study

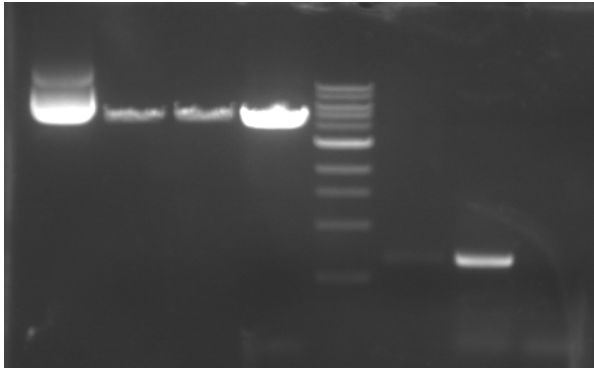
3-7 topic
sentences +
citations

Mod 1 overview



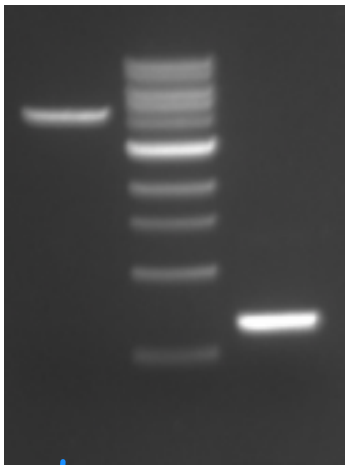
From last time...

- PCR/digest troubleshooting



lost DNA @ PCR purification
• PCR rxn successful

- Ligation calculation



bkb = 2 x brighter 66 ng
 $\sim 132 \text{ ng} / 5 \mu\text{l} = 26.4 \text{ ng} / \mu\text{l}$
(Want 50 ng) $\left. \vphantom{\frac{132 \text{ ng}}{5 \mu\text{l}}}$ $\right\} 26.4 \text{ ng} / \mu\text{l} \sim 2 \mu\text{l} (52.8 \text{ ng})$

• 1 kb = 4 frag molar ratio

• Dalton = 1 g/mol

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{MW} \\ \text{kb} \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} \text{MW} \\ \text{kb} \end{array}} \right\} 4200 \text{ bp} \cdot \frac{500 \text{ Da}}{\text{b}} \cdot 2 = 42 \times 10^6 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{mol of} \\ \text{kb} \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} \text{mol of} \\ \text{kb} \end{array}} \right\} 50 \text{ ng} \cdot \frac{\text{nmol}}{42 \times 10^6 \text{ ng}} = 1.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ nmol} \quad I = 4$$

$4.8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ nmol frag}$ \leftarrow

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{MW} \\ \text{frag} \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} \text{MW} \\ \text{frag} \end{array}} \right\} 660 \cdot 500 \cdot 2 = 6.6 \times 10^5 \text{ g/mol}$$

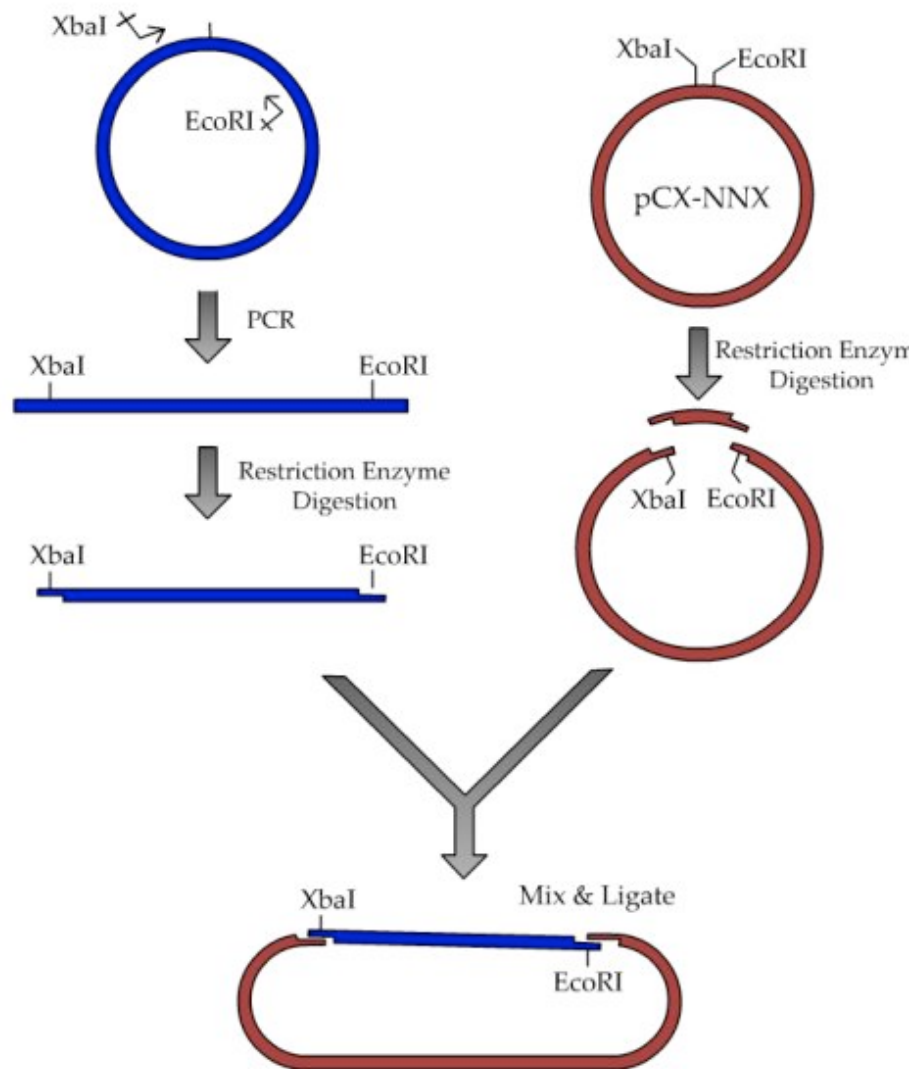
$$\begin{array}{l} \text{ng of} \\ \text{frag} \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} \text{ng of} \\ \text{frag} \end{array}} \right\} 4.8 \times 10^{-5} = \frac{\text{nmol}}{6.6 \times 10^5} \cdot X$$

want
 $X = 31.68 \text{ ng}$
frag

constraints

- 1) reasonable volumes
 - less than 13.5
 - no very small volumes
- 2) consider how much DNA

Using ligase to build $\Delta 5$ EGFP construct

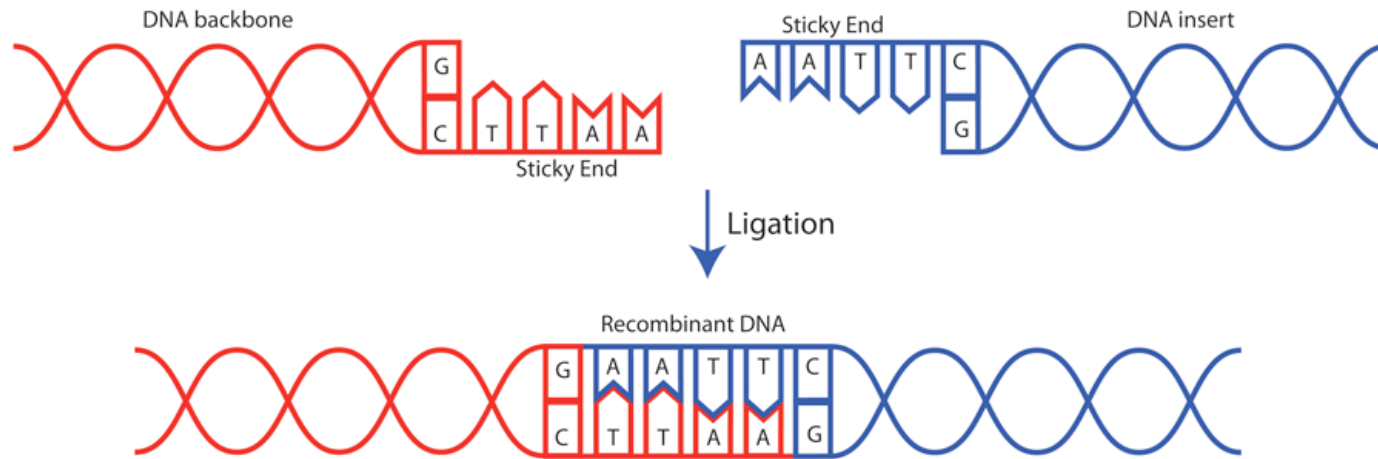


- T4 DNA ligase

- ATP

- attach AMP \rightarrow
good leaving
group

Ligation



What effects efficiency of ligation reaction?

quality ATP }
salt }
pH } buffer
temperature }

Ligation setup: What do we expect?

1. Backbone/vector, fragment/insert, no ligase

(+) if uncut bkb

2. Backbone/vector, plus ligase

(+) 2 plasmids ligate
Single cut

3. Backbone/vector, fragment/insert, ~~no~~ ligase

(++ → +++) cloning product!

Legend: (+++) a lot of circular DNA, (++) , (+) a little circular DNA

DNA purification, again

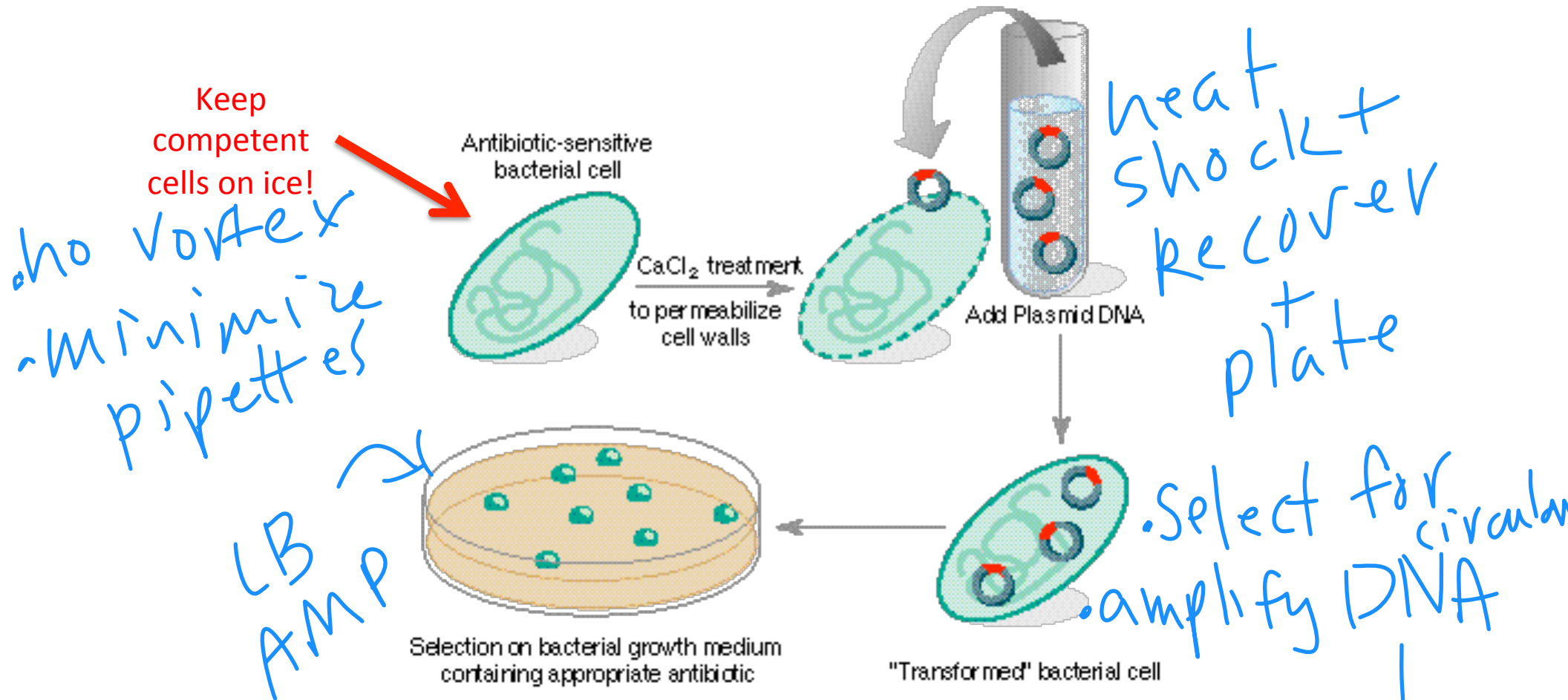
“...increased overall transformation efficiency by 70-fold.”

“...mechanism may involve altering or stabilizing the topographical form of the DNA molecules.”

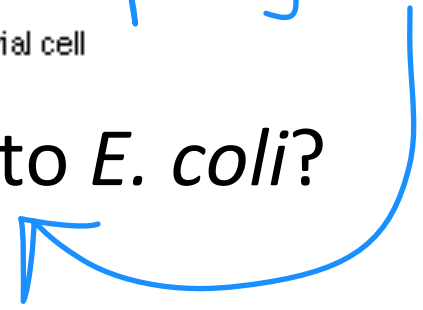
① tRNA = bigger DNA pellet = see H1

② tRNA stabilizes

Transformation



Why transform ligation product into *E. coli*?

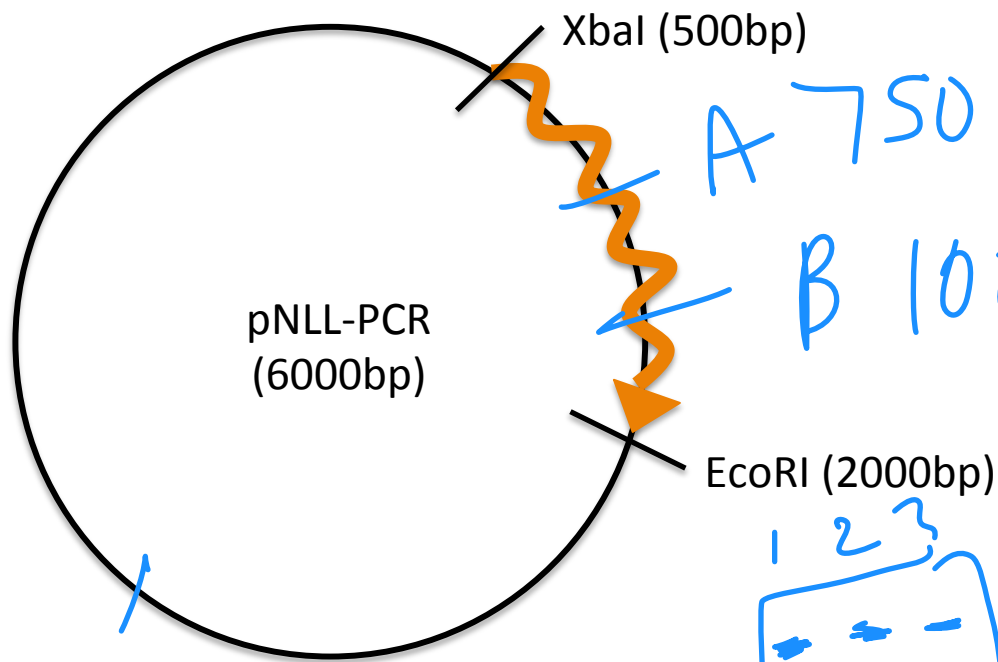


Transformation setup: What do we expect?

1. Uninoculated plate ^{AMP} 0
2. pCX-EGFP
+++
3. Backbone/vector, fragment/insert, – ligase
(+) uncut plasmid
4. Backbone/vector, + ligase
(+) uncut, single cut plasmid
5. Backbone/vector, fragment/insert, + ligase
(++) cloning worked!

Legend: (+++) a lot of colonies, (++) , (+) a few colonies

Confirmation of your clones



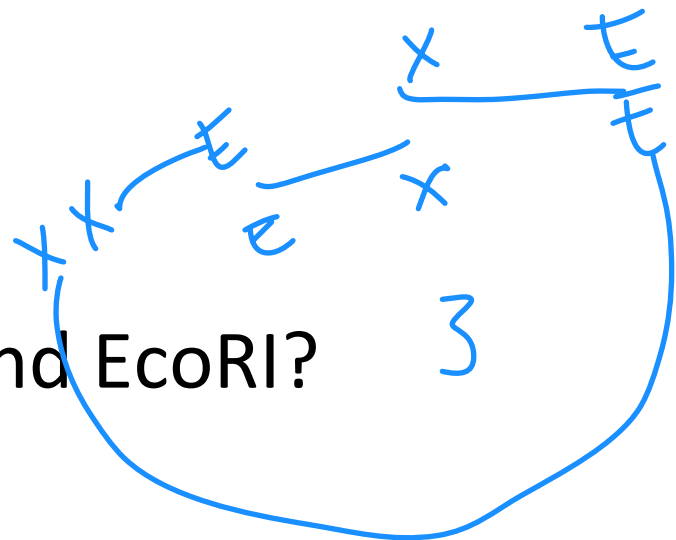
Handwritten calculations in blue ink:

$$A + C = 3250 + 2750$$

$$B + C = 2 \times 3000$$

Handwritten label: "C 4000 bp"

1	2	3
+	+	-
-	-	+



Why not use XbaI and EcoRI?



Today!

- Confirm your ligation calculations
- Complete ligation reaction
- Purify DNA in ligation reaction
- Transform ligation product (safety glasses)
- Plan diagnostic digest approaches (M1D5 HW)