# M3D4: Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)

11/30/2017

- 1. \*Quick\* Prelab Discussion
- 2. Two groups at a time go to TEM (Koch)
- Class works on research proposal (presentations in one week! 20% of your grade!)

# Only three 20.109 days left (?!#?)

#### M3 major assignments

- Research proposal (20%) Thursday Dec. 7<sup>th</sup> 1pm
  - upload slides to Stellar by deadline
  - bring 1 print-out of your slides to 16-336
- Mini-report (5%) Monday Dec 11<sup>th</sup> 10pm
  - No abstract, no methods section
  - Background/Motivation, Figures and combined Results/Discussion
- Final blog post: Dec. 8<sup>th</sup> by 10pm; Bonus blog: Dec 12<sup>th</sup> at 10pm

### Extra Office Hours (find us in our offices):

Monday 11/4
Tuesday 11/5
Tuesday 11/5
Josephine, Noreen
Noreen

Wednesday 11/65-7pmNoreen

Thursday 11/72-3pmJosephine

- Friday 11/8 10:30-12:30pm Leslie

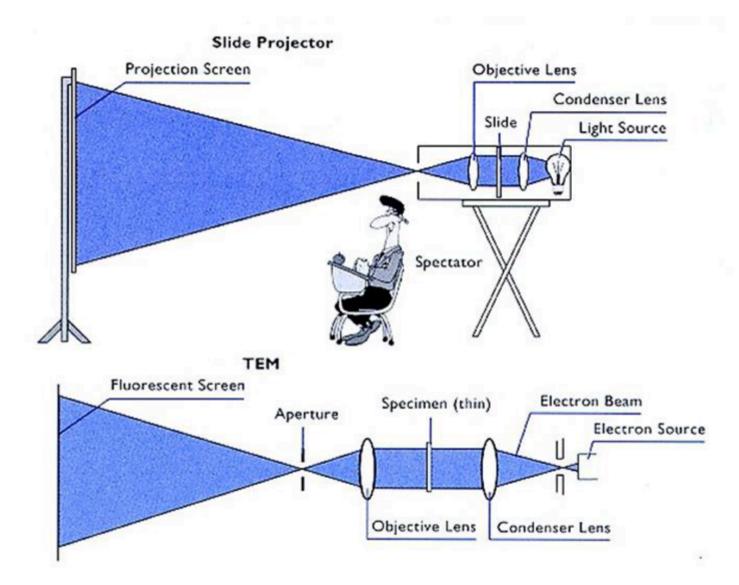
– Email us to make appointments!



Communication Lab | Make Comm Lab appointments!

TEM, capacity, EDX

## **TEM:** basics



1931 Ernst Ruska (1986 Nobel Physics)

- High resolution ~ 0.2nm
  - de Broglie wavelength  $\lambda_{(e)} \sim 0.005$ nm
  - compare to  $\lambda_{\text{(blue light)}} \sim 400 \text{ nm}$
  - Rayleigh  $R_{\text{light}} = 0.61 * \lambda / \text{NA}$
- Electron source:
  - thermionic emission by tungsten, heated to ~ 200 kV
  - focusing lenses **electromagnetic**
  - vacuum gas diffuse e-
- Sample preparation
  - thin and sturdy 10nm=100um
  - grid copper: sturdy and conductive
  - biomaterials must be coated electron dense materialins

Electron

- Image ≈ sample *density* 
  - e pass through & are also scattered
  - phosphor screen (old), YAG-coupled CCD (new)
  - e- to photons=image on film or screen

electron source

condenser lens (electromagnetic)

sample

imaging plate

detection

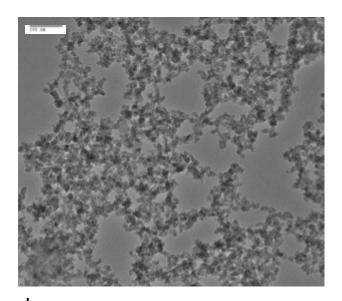
illumination

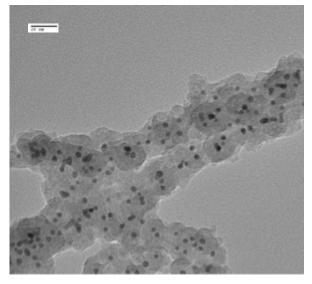
## TEM micrographs

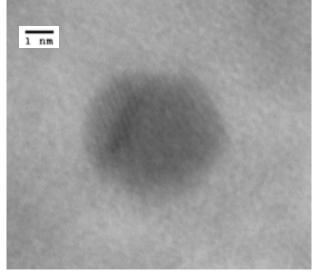
\*\*results, discussion text\*\*

- ➤ What will you learn?
- at low resolution: length of nanowire, general morphology, # of np, diameter of nanowire, uniformity, density
- at high resolution:

size of nanoparticle, amorphous vs. crystalline FePO4





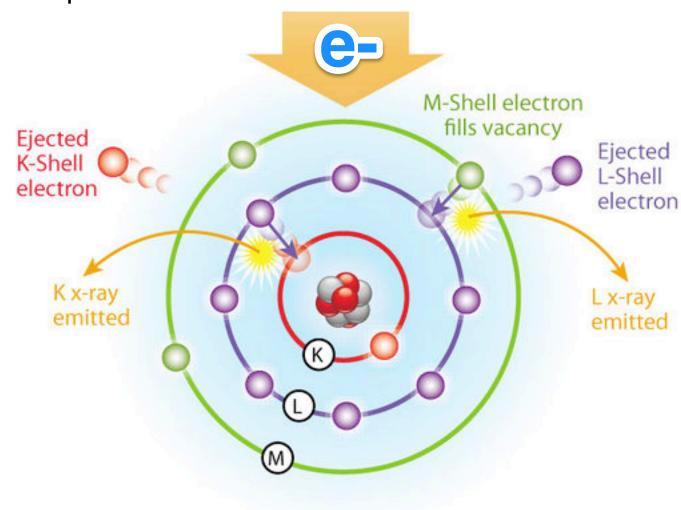


low

high

## Elemental mapping by EDX

 X-ray emission spectrum is characteristic of unique atomic structure of element



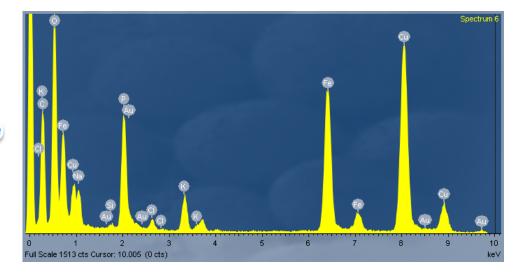
## EDX analysis on JEOL, JEM2100

➤ What will you learn?

- at what ratios?
- EDX: energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy analysis
  - atomic composition of heavier elements in material
  - X-ray emission spectrum is characteristic of unique atomic structure of element
  - expected: iron, gold, nickel, phosphate, oxygen, carbon, copper
  - contamination:

sodium, silicon

abundance





## Today in lab...

- TEM in Koch basement
  - 1:30pm: Yellow/ Green
  - 2:15pm: Blue/Pink
  - 3:00pm: Purple/White
  - 3:45pm: Red/Orange
  - ➤ What can your TEM images suggest about the phage biomineralization, AuNP and NiNP binding? Are the NP the size expected?
- M3D5HW: Calculate mA needed to discharge your experimental battery (choose 1 cathode weight) battery in 10hrs, handwritten or emailed calculations are fine, turn in individually
- Reminder: Quiz M3D5
- Use your time wisely:
  - draft your research proposal slides
  - discuss how the presentation speaking parts will be shared
  - draft talking point notes for presentation
  - review rubric on wiki to make sure you are including all components necessary