

# M2D8: Measure fermentation products

1. Quiz
2. Pre-lab
3. Measure OD of your bacteria
4. Measure fermentation products (ethanol, acetate) in the supernatant
5. Start data analysis

# Major assignments for M2

- **Research Article**
  - Due by 10pm on Mon., November 12<sup>th</sup>

## Research Article content

1. Title
2. Abstract
3. Introduction
4. Materials and Methods
5. Figures and Results
6. Discussion
7. References

- Lab notebook, specifically M2D2 due 10pm, 11/7
- Blog post for Mod 2 due 10pm, 11/13

## Extra office hours

11/10 (Sat): 1-3 pm, 56-302

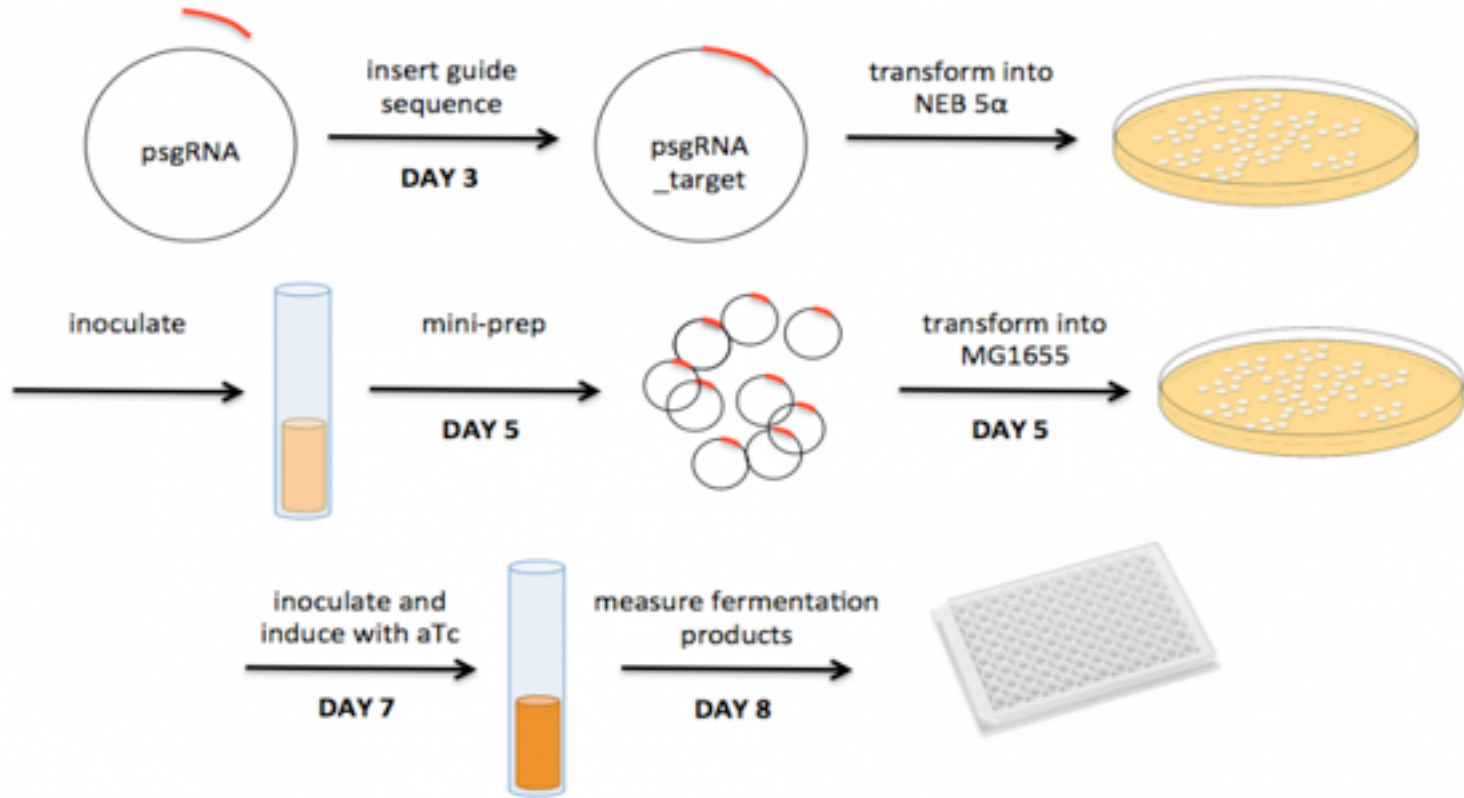
11/11 (Sun): 2-7 pm, 56-302

## Regular office hours

- Noreen: Mon. 2-5pm (16-317)
- Leslie: Th 2-3pm, Fr 12-1pm (56-341c)
- Josephine: W 12-1pm, Fr 2-3pm (56-341c)
- Email us to schedule a different time

**The research article is your most formal writing assignment. Use proper formatting for references, make neat figures, don't include images from lecture/prelab slides or wiki, and pay attention to guidelines on the wiki.**

# M2 experimental overview

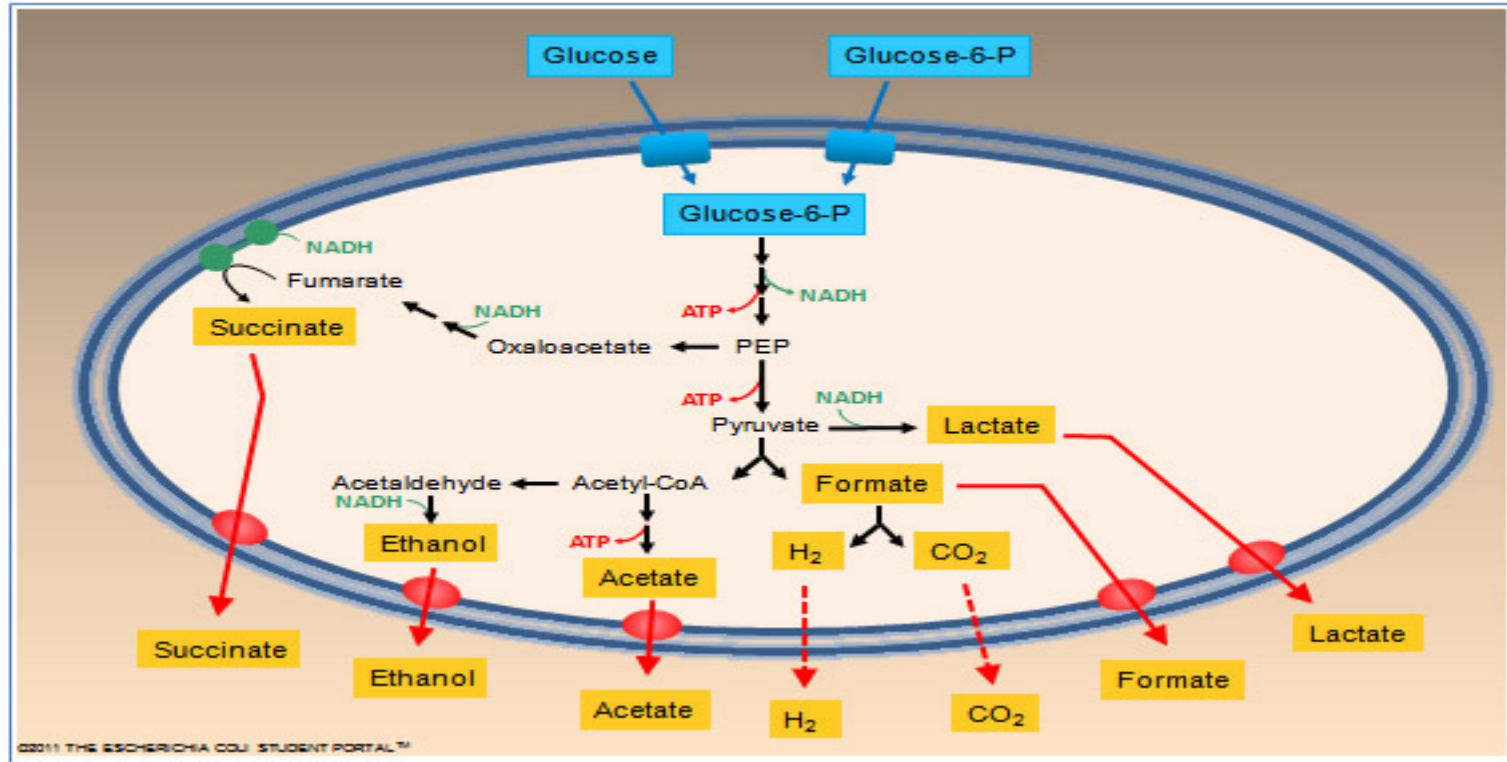


Name your target gRNA plasmid: pgRNA\_ \_\_\_\_\_

# *E. coli* fermentation pathway

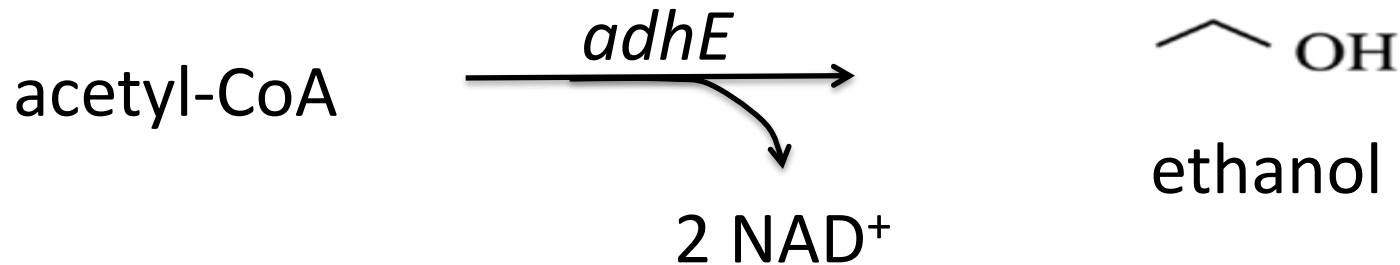
anaerobic

What does mixed-acid mean?



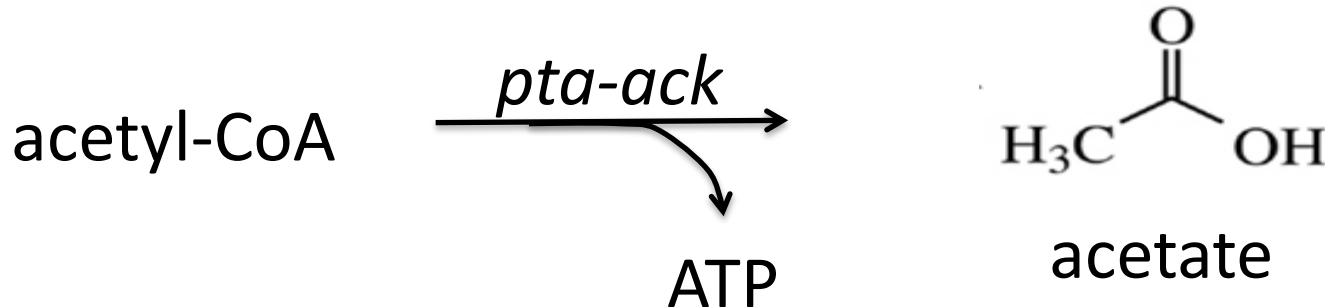
# Production of ethanol

- Bioethanol is most important biotechnological commodity
- *adhE* only transcribed in anaerobic conditions

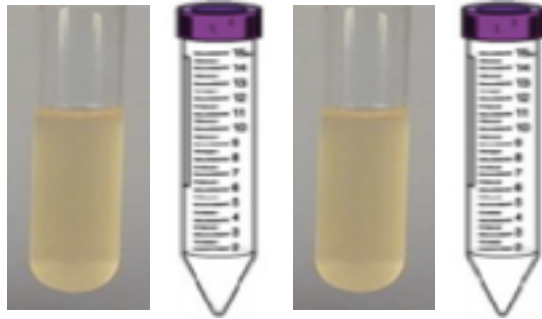


# Production of acetate

- Acetates used in production of polymers
- *pta-ack* expressed constitutively
  - Aerobically grown cells produce negligible amounts of other fermentation products

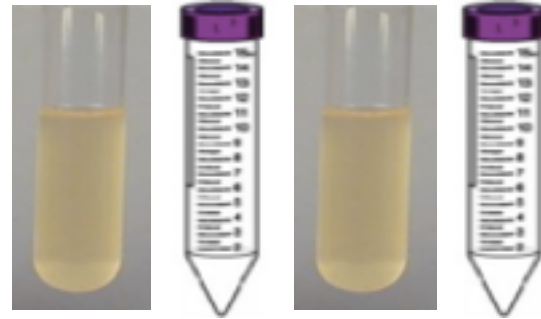


# Experimental conditions: mixed-acid fermentation and pdCas9 induction



+ O<sub>2</sub> - O<sub>2</sub>  
- aTc - aTc + aTc + aTc

MG1655



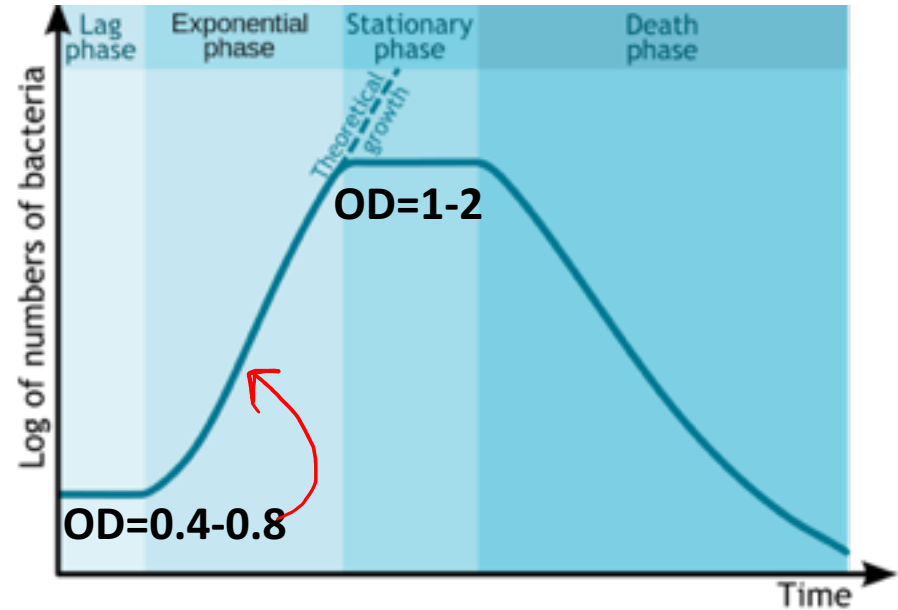
+ O<sub>2</sub> - O<sub>2</sub>  
- aTc - aTc + aTc + aTc

MG1655 with CRISPRi

Normalize for number of cells by measuring OD

# Measure *E. coli* (MG1655) concentration by optical density

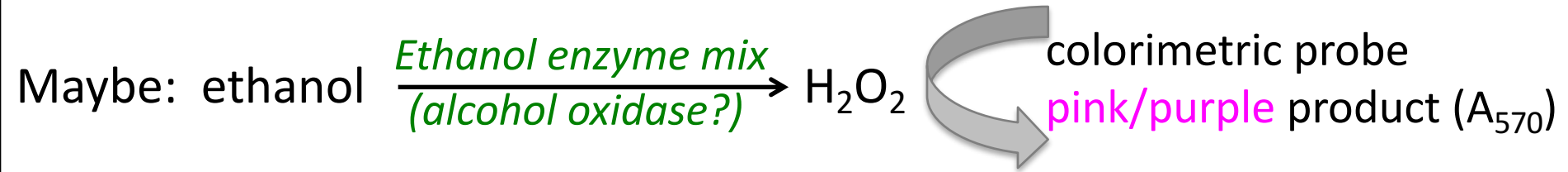
- Optical Density (O.D.)  $\neq$  absorbance
- Measure of light scattering
  - *E. coli* yellowish, don't absorb 600nm (orange)
  - 600nm is safer than UV (UV~300nm) for DNA in *E. coli*
- Measuring turbidity rather than absorption (relates to number of cells)



\*You will measure a 1:10 dilution of your culture—remember this for your analysis!

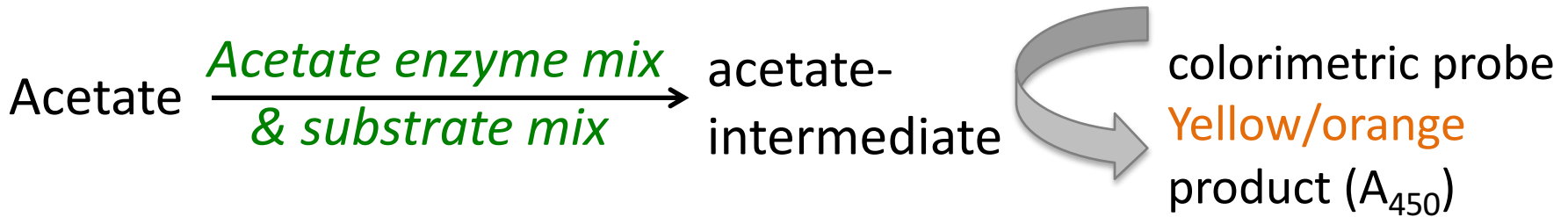


# The ethanol colorimetric assay is (very!) proprietary



- Sigma-Aldrich MAK076 colorimetric ethanol assay kit:
  - ethanol assay buffer
  - ethanol enzyme mix
  - ethanol probe
  - ethanol standard

# The acetate colorimetric assay is also (very!) proprietary



- Abcam ab204719 colorimetric acetate assay kit:
  - Acetate assay buffer
  - Acetate enzyme mix
  - Acetate substrate mix
  - Acetate probe
  - Acetate standard

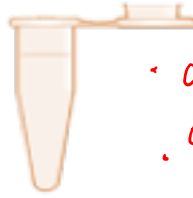
# Ethanol/acetate colorimetric assay procedure

Standard 1-6



50  $\mu$ L/well

*E. coli* Samples 1-8



• dilute  
• 50  $\mu$ L/well

Reaction mix for ALL  
standard and sample wells



• Calculate  
20% extra  
• 50  $\mu$ L/well

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A	0 nmole	2 nmole	4 nmole	6 nmole	8 nmole	10 nmole		
B	0 nmole	2 nmole	4 nmole	6 nmole	8 nmole	10 nmole		
C								
D								
E								

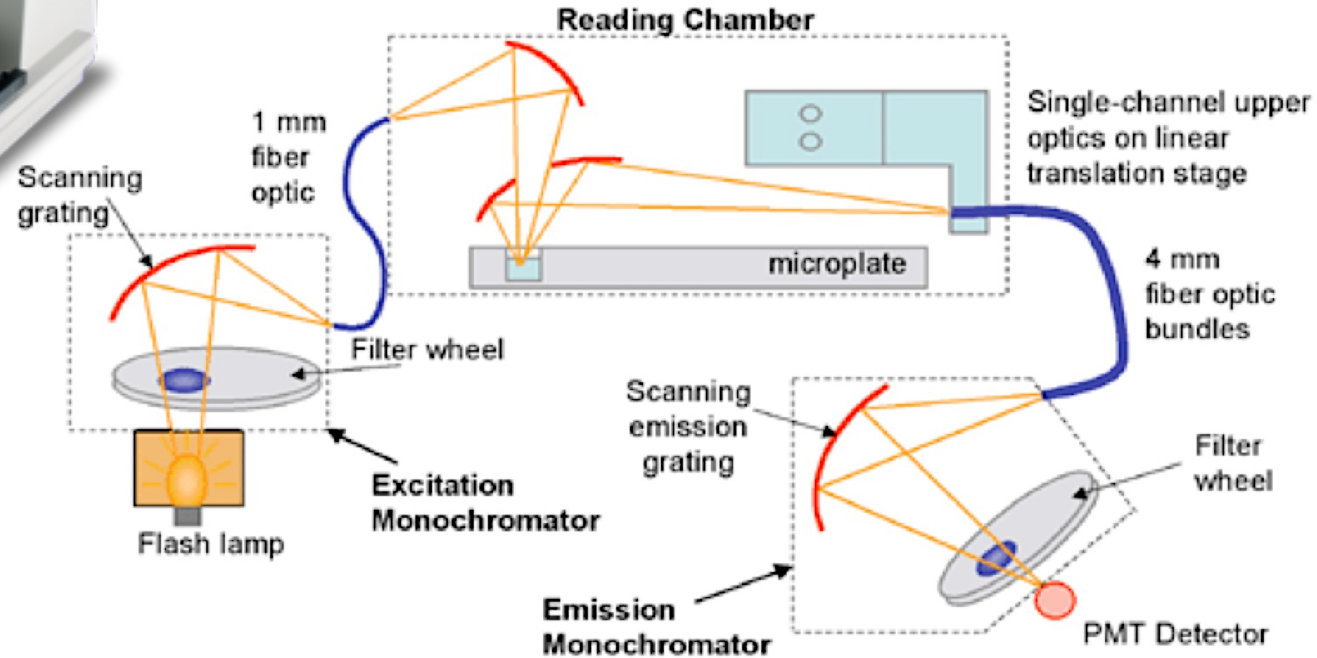
standard curve samples

duplicate

experiment samples  
triplicate

Cover with foil during final incubation!

# Microplate reader measures absorbance of individual wells at a specific wavelength



# You must compare team data vs. class data

Please upload Excel spreadsheet with your ODs and raw absorbance readings to Class Data page today

T/R [\[edit\]](#)

Team	Ethanol (E) or Acetate (A)	Gene targeted by CRISPRi gRNA	gRNA (DNA) sequence (without tag at 3' end)	Locus targeted (eg. beginning of gene, putative promoter, -35 region)	Target template or nontemplate strand	Colorimetric Assay Results
TR red	E	pta	TGCGCCCGATCAGACTACGACTATC	Middle of the operon	Non-template	<a href="#">Raw data</a>
TR orange	E	ldhA	gttgcaggctactcttgtcgt	32 bps downstream from start of gene	Template Strand	<a href="#">Raw data</a>
TR green	A	adhE	TACTAAAAAAGTTTAACATTATCA	locus targeted: -50 upstream (promoter)	Template strand	<a href="#">Raw data</a>
TR pink	A	Citrate Synthase (gltA)	tgagtttgcctttgtatcagccat	Beginning of gene	Non-template Strand	<a href="#">Raw data</a>
TR purple	A	ldhA	TAGTAGCTTAAATGTGATTCAACAT	Locus targeted: -40 upstream region (promoter)	Non-template strand	<a href="#">Raw data</a>

W/F [\[edit\]](#)

Team	Ethanol (E) or Acetate (A)	Gene targeted by CRISPRi gRNA	gRNA (DNA) sequence (without tag at 3' end)	Locus targeted (eg. beginning of gene, putative promoter, -35 region)	Target template or nontemplate strand	Colorimetric Assay Results
WF yellow	A	adhE	ATTCGAGCAGATGATTTACTAAAAA			<a href="#">Raw data</a>
WF green	Acetate	adhE	TTACTAAAAAAGTTTAACATTATCA	locus targeted: -35 upstream (promoter)	template strand	<a href="#">Raw data</a>
WF blue	A	adhE	TTCGAGCAGATGATTTACTAAA	locus targeted: -65 upstream (promoter)	Template Strand	<a href="#">Raw data</a>

# Today in lab...

1. Retrieve cultures from 37°C incubator and measure optical density (O.D.)
2. Prepare supernatant samples
3. Prepare standard curve
4. Combine sample/standards with reaction mix, incubate
5. Measure absorbance on plate reader (4<sup>th</sup> floor)
6. Calculate fermentation product concentration from assay results
7. Upload an Excel spreadsheet with your ODs (x10) and absorbance readings on Wiki