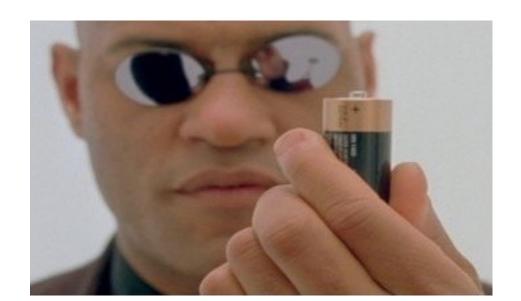
M3D3: Cathode construction

11/29/2017

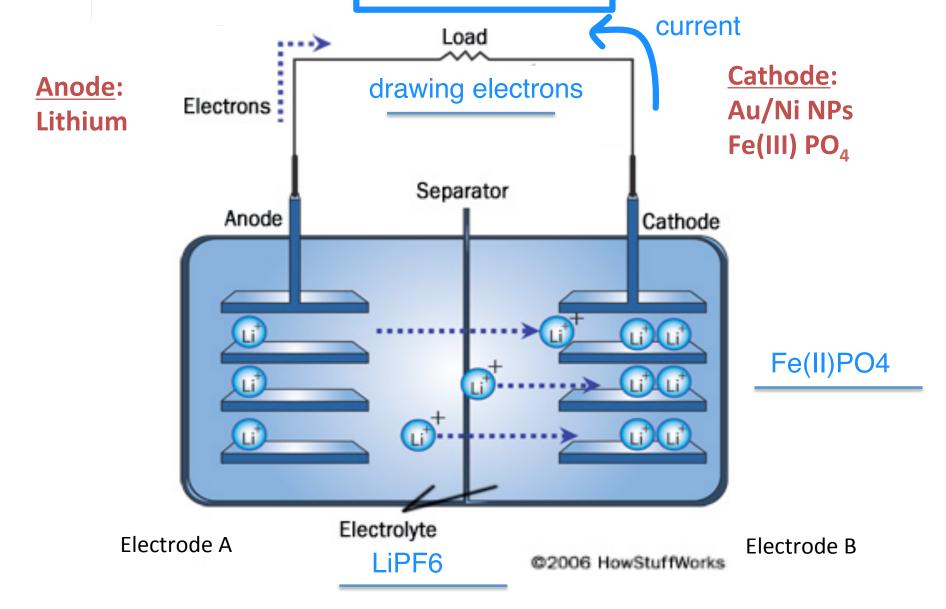
- 1. Quiz
- 2. Prelab Discussion
- 3. Construct cathode material (Belcher Lab)
- 4. Research Proposal Peer Review Exercise



- M3 major assignments
 - Research proposal (20%), slides due 12/8 at 1pm
 - THIS IS ~ONE WEEK AWAY!!
 - Work on this Today!
 - Mini-report (5%), due 12/11 at 10pm

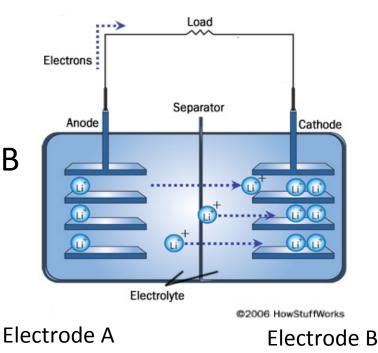
- M3D4 Homework, Both parts submitted as a team
 - Research Proposal Presentation outline (wiki, google doc, benchling)
 - Address topics in HW prompt for full credit
 - Outline Background and Approach for mini-report
 with references
 - http://belcherlab.mit.edu/publications/

Is this battery discharging or charging?



Cathode is (+) During Spontaneous Discharge

- Oxidation Reduction occurs at the cathode (<u>accepts</u> e-)
- Oxidation/Reduction occurs at the anode (<u>donates</u> e-)
- Electrons flow from negative to positive
- During discharge, Electrode B is the cathode and is positively charged.



During (re)charge, electron flow is reversed

Lithium-ion rechargeable battery Charge mechanism Charger Electrons Separator Oxidation (anode) Electrolyte

Reduction (cathode)

Electrode A

Electrode B

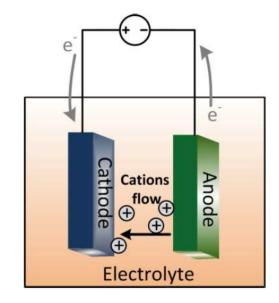
@2006 HowStuffWorks

NOVA documentary: "Search for the Super Battery"

https://youtu.be/a4McN9OYDwg?t=770

What is battery capacity?

- Quantity of electricity (charge) involved for the electrochemical reaction between the active materials in the battery
- For our Fe(III)-phage batteries, the theoretical (gravimetric) specific capacity is 178 mA*h/g



from Dr. Maryam Moradi

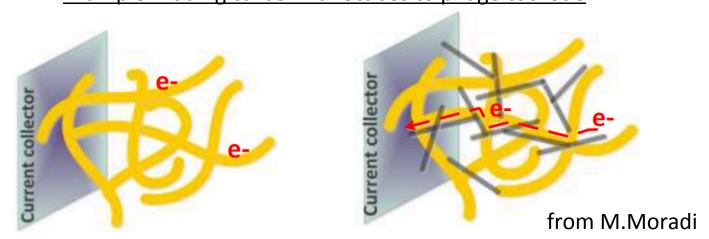
- Units: (charge/ time) * (time/mass) = charge/mass
- Capacity calculated from
 - total # of electrons that can be accepted
 - charge of those electrons
 - and atomic mass
- Why will our batteries not achieve theoretical specific capacity?
 additional mass in denominator from other additives (e.g., phage, gold, teflon, etc.)

How do phage scaffolds improve batteries?

- Ion diffusivity

 nano structuring active material
 - What is the advantage of nano structures?
 higher surface area to volume ratio
- Electronic Conductivity → integrating additives
 - How do phage improve integration of additives?
 - -binding of phage to additives/structured materials
 - -ability to find and select useful phage for binding additives

via phage display
Example: Adding carbon nanotubes to phage cathode

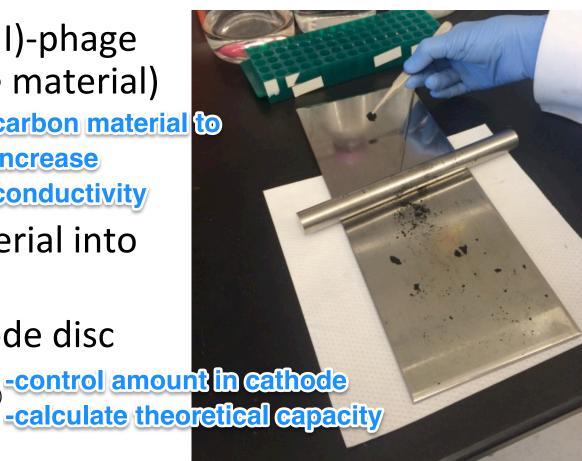


How will you construct your cathode?

- 1. Weigh AuNP-Fe(III)-phage nanowires (active material)
- 2. Mix with Super Pcarbon material to increase and PTFE Binder conductivity
- 3. Roll cathode material into thin sheet
- 4. 'Punch out' cathode disc
- 5. Weigh cathode (why?) -control amount in cathode

6. Dry cathode(why?)

-Remove water/solvents -Improve binding



Today in lab...

- 1. Construct cathode Belcher lab
 - Bring lab coat and eye protection
 - Bring a notebook and something to write with
- 2. Research proposal peer exercise
 - Everyone must be the "presenter" and "listener" at least once
 - Partner assignments will depend on timing of cathode construction
 - ➤ M3D4HW: (see slide 2) You cannot make major changes to your research proposal idea after Friday (12/1)!