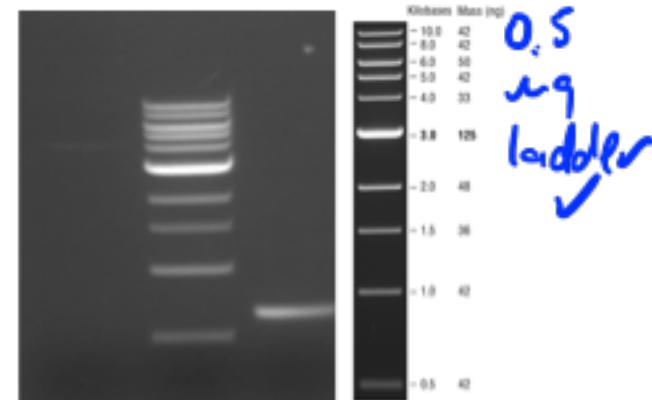


- 
- Announcements
  - Lab Quiz
  - Pre-lab Lecture
    - ❖ Where we are/going
    - ❖ DNA ligation, part 2
    - ❖ Bacterial transformation
    - ❖ Today in Lab: M1D4

# Announcements

RE - we always buy smallest

- My OH (T 4-5) now in 16-336 except 109 orals days  
(11/4, 12, 9)
- Methods FNW common issues
  - informative introductory sentences NOT intermediate stock [conc] or vols.
  - efficient amounts: [x] g/L & [y] M OR x g & y mol in z L final conc. ✓
- Ligation sample calculation:
  - $[DNA] = 5\text{uL} \times \frac{20}{23} = 4.35\text{uL}$  ins 50ng kb ~ 10<sup>7</sup> ng
  - $[I] = 50\text{ng} \div 4.35\text{uL} = 11.5\text{ng/uL}$  8 : 2.3 "
  - goal  $50\text{ng} \times \frac{\text{uL}}{2.3\text{ng}} = 21.7\text{uL B}$
  - $50\text{ng B} \times \frac{\text{mol bp B}}{500\text{g}} \times \frac{4\text{ml I}}{1\text{ml(B)}} \times \frac{660\text{bp I}}{4300\text{bp B}} \times \frac{500\text{g}}{\text{mol bp I}} \times \frac{\text{uL}}{11.5\text{ng}} = 2.7\text{uL I}$
  - $21.7 + 2.7 > 13.5\text{mL} \rightarrow$  so scale down sanity check on direction



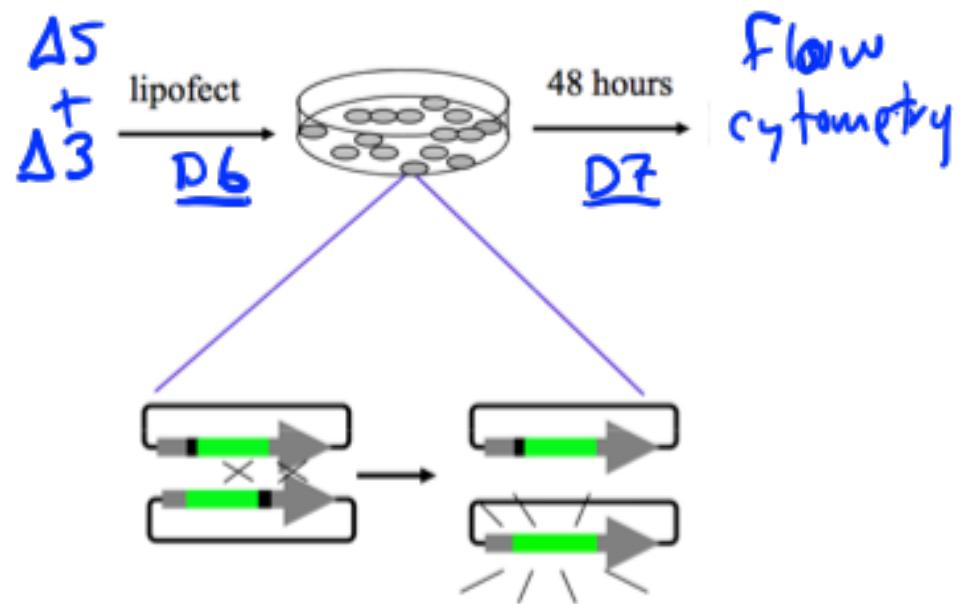
# Where we are/going

D4: make the desired clone

D4-5: amplify + select DNA in E.coli + isolate

D5<sup>+</sup>: test Δ5  
candidate clones

- for correctness
- for extent of HR



# DNA ligation basics

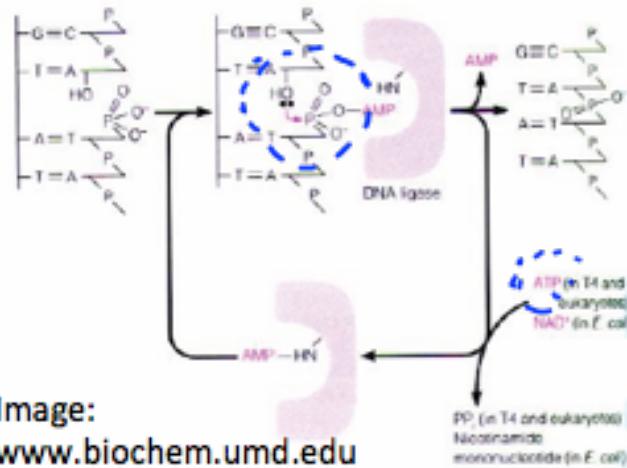
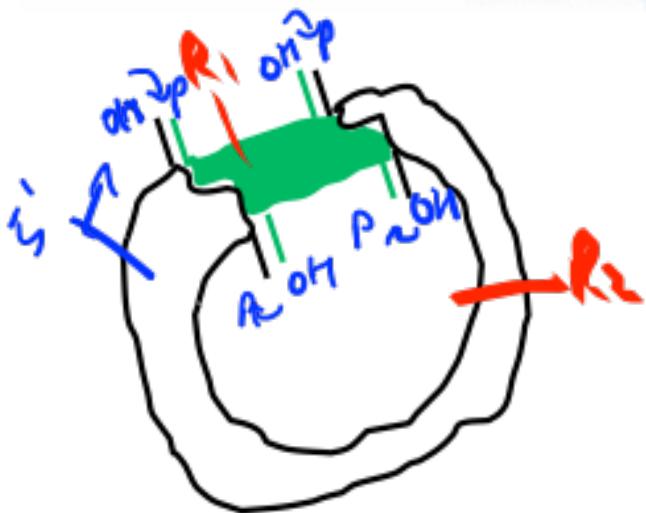


Image:  
www.biochem.umd.edu



Reaction creates  
new phosphodiester bond

Reaction requires

ATP, Mg<sup>++</sup>, DTT(SH)

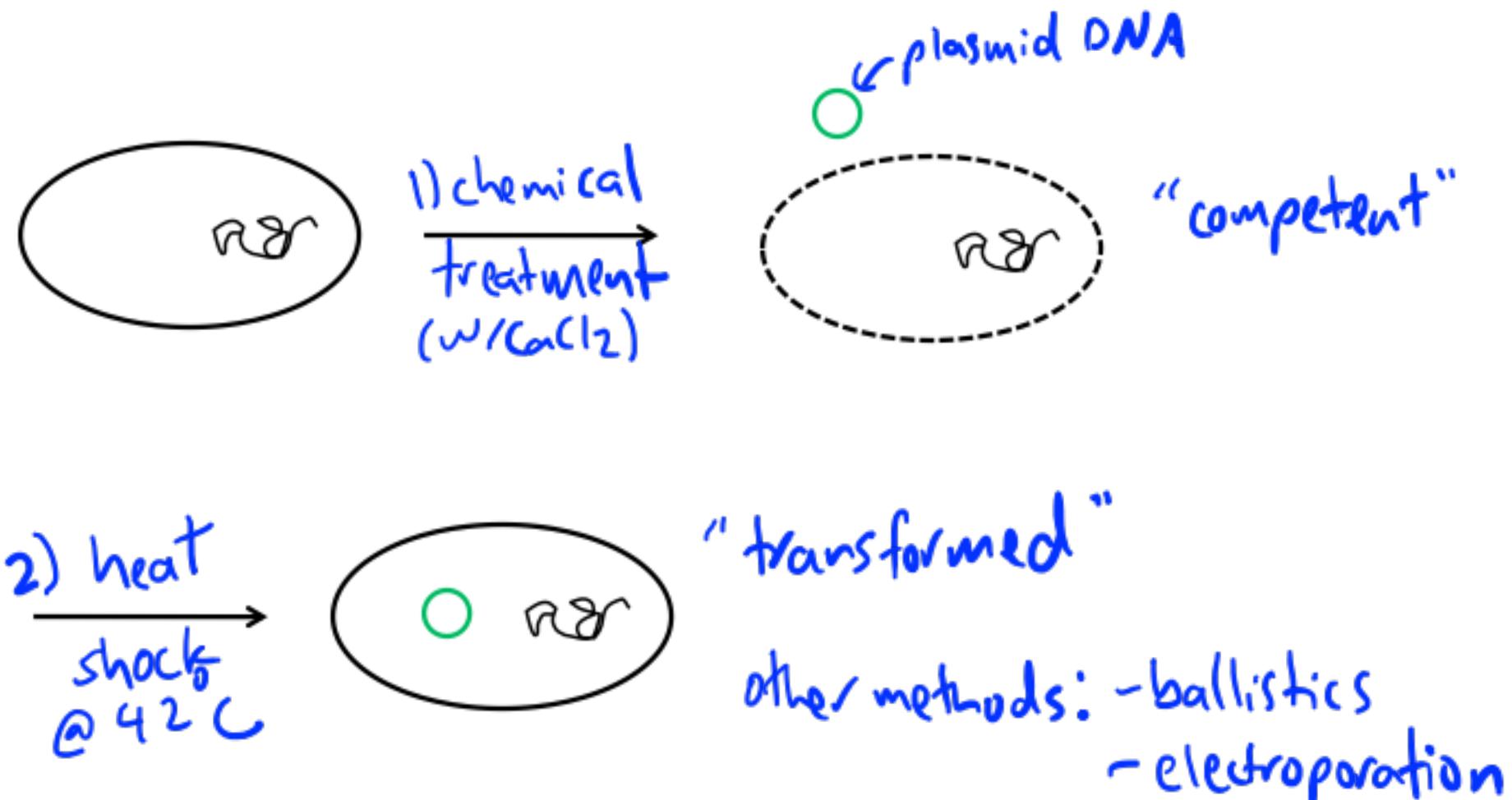
What factors affect yield?

- DNA : ligase ratio
  - [B], [I] & ratio
  - time, Temp
- optimal 16°C, RT is ok.
- pH
  - salts
  - [ATP] + (ligase)
  - + quality (denatured?)

How do we assess if it worked?

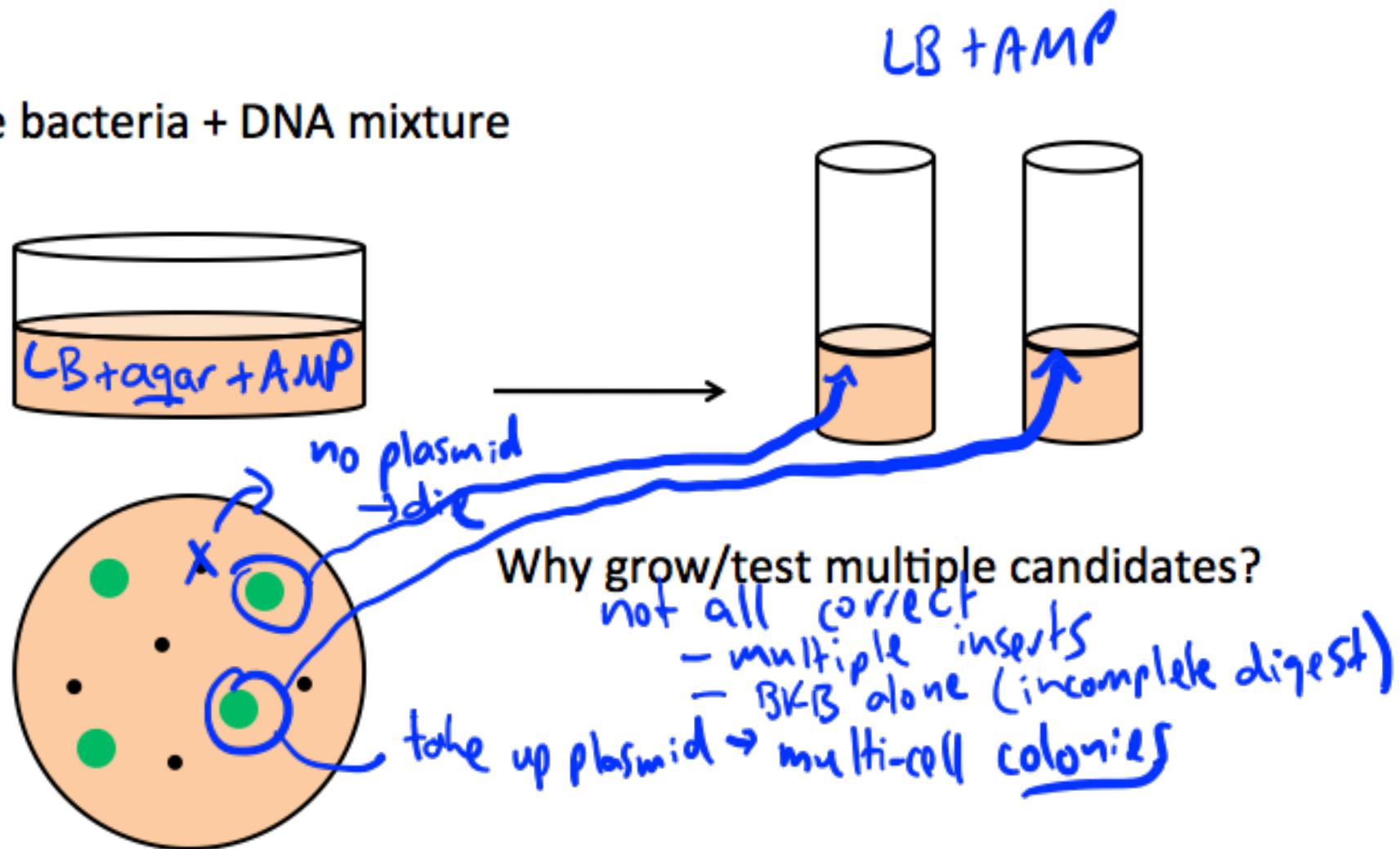
Sequencing or diagnostic digest  
⇒ plan today!

# Bacterial transformation



# DNA amplification in bacteria

Plate bacteria + DNA mixture



# Interpreting transformation data

to view data holistically      to transformation efficiency  $\frac{\text{DNA UGF}}{\text{CFU}}$  calculating

Sample	Role	Expectation... what if?
no DNA (skip today)	(-) control for contamination	E: 0      WI: LOTS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>{: contamination w/resistant bacteria or DNA}</li> <li>{: wrong plates (incl. expired or old antibiotic)}</li> </ul>
pCX-EGFP	(+) control for transformation	E: LOTS      WI: 0 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>{: wrong antibiotic on plates}</li> <li>{: low [DNA]}</li> <li>{: killed cells}</li> </ul>
bkb + ins, no ligase	uncut plasmid (or contam.)	E: none or few      WI: LOTS? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>poor digesting</li> </ul>
bkb + ligase	singly cut plasmid (truncut)	E: few or some      efficiency
bkb + ins, + ligase	expt'l	E: some-many WI << (++) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>too low [DNA]</li> <li>e.g., rxn. conditions</li> </ul>

# Today in Lab: M1D4

- Keep ligase *and* ligase buffer (ATP) cold
- DNA precipitation after ligation reaction
  - Yeast tRNA - "carrier" - see pellet, improve yield *(vs. tube wells)*
  - Ethanol precipitate RNA *< low dielectric constant + high salt gives charge screening + solubility >*  
*\* Check w/us about EtOH amount \**
- WAC visit at 3:15 pm – Jessie on abstracts
- Be gentle with competent cells } *- keep cold  
- don't vortex!*
- Sterile technique for transformations: will demo during your incubation step
- Reduce volume of cells added *\* plate 50uL (NOT 200) of cells \**